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Indian Troops Enter Rajauri

Kashmir Raiders Resort To 'Scorched Earth' In Their Retreat

NEW DELHI, April 12, (A.P.I.): Our troops continuing their advance beyond Chingas on the old Moghul route entered Rajauri, about 20 miles north-north-east of Naushahra, at 6 p.m. today, says tonight's Defence Ministry Communique on Kashmir.

"THE INDIAN ARMY COLUMN, IN ITS ADVANCE, MET WITH LANDSLIDES AND ROAD-BLOCKS AND LIQUIDATED SEVERAL RAIDERS' BUNKERS"

RAIDERS RESORT TO 'SCORCHED EARTH'

To liberate the oppressed local population in several areas in the Naushahra sector an Indian Army column set out recently and entered Chingas, on April 10. Retreating raiders were seen to adopt "scorched earth" policy in this area.

They resorted to arson and murder before abandoning their positions, when they realise that resistance to Indian Army's advance is futile. This has caused destruction of property and loss of life.

Indian troops entering Chingas found the village in flames. Raiders, who had fled the village earlier, without concentrating their attention on organising resistance, were seen burning the houses.

Pandit Nehru To Visit Kashmir

(From Our Correspondent)

SRINAGAR, April 12.

Pandit Nehru, Prime Minister of India, will visit Kashmir in the first or second week of May. Lady Mountbatten and Rajkumari Amrit Kaur also intend to visit Kashmir in the second week of May. This was revealed by Sheikh Abdullah at a Conference of the Peace Brigade.

Karwar Rashtra Seva Dal Dissolved

KARWAR, April 12, (API): Following the ban imposed by the Government of Bombay on the drilling and such other activities of the Rashtra Seva Dal the Advisory Committee of the Karwar District Rastra Seva Dal has been dissolved, it is learnt.

DRAFT RESOLUTION ON KASHMIR

U. N. Security Council Presidents' Committee Meets Today

NEW YORK, April 12 (Reuter).—President of the Security Council, Dr Afonso Lopez, will meet former Presidents of the Security Council in a "Presidents' Committee" tomorrow morning to prepare a draft resolution on the six month-old dispute between India and Pakistan over Kashmir.

Present at the meeting in Dr. Lopez' office tomorrow will be Gen. Andrew McNaughton (Canada), Fernand Van Longerhove (Belgium), Dr. Tsiang (China) and representatives from the British and American delegations.

A resolution will then be presented formally to the Security Council meeting, which, it is hoped, can be held before the General Assembly meets on Friday.

DELHI BAN ON SARAT BOSE'S MEETING

NEW DELHI, April 12, (API). The public meeting which was to be addressed by Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, leader of the Socialist Republican Party, this afternoon was banned by the local authorities.

'RUSSIA KNOWS HOW TO MAKE ATOM BOMB'

But Forrestal Says She 'Does Not Have Industrial Capacity To Produce One Now'

WASHINGTON, April 12 (UPA).—Defence Secretary James Ferrestal told the House Armed Services Committee today that Russia knows how to make the atom bomb, but does not have the industrial capacity to produce one now.

He said that he got his information from Dr. Vannevar Rush, chairman of the nation's Research and Development Board. Forrestal testified before the committee which is considering a two-year draft of men between 19 and 25.

Forrestal told the Committee that the odds favour peace rather than war, but that this nation must strengthen itself in order to maintain that situation.

He was questioned closely about his assertion that whereas this country has the "knowledge and capacity" to make the atom bomb, the Russians do not.

I said they do not have an atom bomb," Forrestal emphasized. "I did not say they did not have the secret of the atom bomb. I am informed by Dr. Bush that the scientific knowledge and technial procedure involved in the manufacture of the atom bomb are known to Russia. But their industrial capacity....."

HOW LONG?

At this point the Defence Chief was interrupted by Representative Edward Hebert, who added, "and we have no way of knowing when they will acquire industrial capacity."

Forrestal said: "That's right."

The Secretary, in urging Congressional approval of the new limited defence moves proposed by the Administration, warned against public hysteria over the possibility of war. "I dislike the word 'crisis.' I would rather say we are in a state of continual tension."

Forrestal said he believed that peace can be maintained if the United States makes it plain to Russia that "we will not tolerate the destruction of the western civilization of Europe.

U.S. SEEKS MONOPOLY ON ATOMIC BOMB?

LONDON April 12 (UPA).—Radio Moscow charged today that the United States most recent proposals on the control of atomic energy were designed to ensure a United States monopoly on the atomic bomb.

A commentary by Dr. I. Lemin said, "The American draft aims at ensuring a United States monopoly on the atomic bomb and is designed to make use of this monopoly for American control and domination over the economi life of other countries."

The broadcast said the international control body suggested by the United States would be invested with "such functions as the right to adopt sanctions independently This actually reduced the Security Council to nought thereby undermining the very foundation of UNO."

DOMINION CABINET

NEW DELHI, April 12: If the proposal to appoint Parliamentary Secretaries to assist the Ministers is given effect to then Pandit Balkrishna Sharma, Dr. Balkrishna Keskar Mr R. R Diwakar and Mr. Salam Subramanian are likely to be appointed to these posts, Indian Press Association understands from official sources.

THE PREMIER

The Director of Publicity, Government of Bombay writes:—

The Honourable the Prime Minister of Bombay will henceforth be addressed as the Honourable the Premier.

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B. P. Co-operative Conference

Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Health Minister, Government of India, (2nd from left front row) who addressed the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Conference and its Women's Section on Monday.

DROP THIS WAR TALK

U. N. O. CHIEF'S CALL TO WORLD GOVERNMENTS TO WORK HARDER FOR PEACE

NEW YORK, April 12, (Reuter): M. Trygve Lie, Secretary-General of the United Nations, told the Governments of the world today that they "should stop talking war and start working harder for peace".

GREATEST DANGER

Speaking at a Memorial Service to America's wartime President, Franklin D. Roosevelt, at his Hyde Park Home in New York, M. Lie declared: "There should be an end to war talk."

But he added: "I do not believe any Government anywhere in the world is so utterly mad as to contemplate starting another war."

The world's greatest danger was fear, he said.

Pulls Up Big Five

"For many months", M. Lie said, "There has been no serious attempt by any one of the "Big Five" countries at negotiation of the major differences about the peace treaties. Such efforts should be continued; they should never stop.

The United Nations is very much alive", he said. "It is doing very well indeed except when one or other of the Big Powers fails to use it as it should be used, or to live up to the terms of the Charter."

Not The Right Way

M. Lie added: "The boycott, the by-pass, and the back-door are not the way to make the United Nations stronger, or the way to serve the cause of peace."

M. Lie appealed to the nations to act in accordance with Roosevelt's statement that there "must be a peace which rests on the co-operative efforts of the whole world."

BRITAIN'S TRIBUTES TO "F. D. R."

Eleanor Unveils Statue Of Former U. S. President

LONDON, April 12 (Reuter).—Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt, today unveiled in the presence of the British Royal Family and a vast crowd the bronze statue of her husband which is Britain's tribute to the former President of the United States.

King George led the tall black clad figure of Mrs. Roosevelt to the memorial for the unveiling. As she took the cord the strains of the American national anthem began, followed by a dramatic silence as the great statue was disclosed.

The memorial subscribed for by thousands of Britons, none of whom was permitted to contribute more than five shillings, stands in Grosvenor Square in the West End of London, described by the King today as "the nerve centre of the prodigious American war effort in Britain and in Europe."

British Troops Shoot Down Jewish Aircraft

U. S. DRAFT TERMS FOR PALESTINE TRUCE PRESENTED TO U. N. DELEGATES

NEW YORK, April 12, (Reuter): The United States today presented its draft terms for a truce in Palestine at an informal meeting of all Security Council delegates except Russia.

An American spokesman described the terms as "based on practical reality".

JEWISH PLANE SHOT DOWN

JERUSALEM, April 12, (Reuter): A Jewish reconnaissance aircraft was shot down by a patrol of the crack British Cavalry Regiment—the Life Guards—near the Jewish settlement of Kfar Ozion, in the Hebron area of southern Palestine, an official army source reported this morning.

Fighting was reported from North to South of Palestine today as feeling ran high among the Arabs after their leaders had denounced the massacre by Irgun Jews of 200 Arab men, women and children in the village of Dier Yassein, near Jerusalem, on Friday.

IRAQIS ATTACK JEWS

Mined roads and blasted telephone lines have held up further news from the north of an attack by several thousand Iraqis of the "Arab Liberation Army" on the Jewish settlement of Mishmar Haemek, reported by the Jews last night.

Near Castel, which dominates the Jewish convoy lifeline from Tel Aviv and has changed hands four times in a week, Haganah radio reported fighting in the Arab village of Caluna, west of Jerusalem.

Haganah claimed to have "completed the destruction" of the village and to have killed a British and an Iraqi officer fighting with the Arabs. They also said they had killed the Arab "gangs" holding the Jerusalem-Tel Aviv highway stronghold, but the Arabs were last reported in possession of Castel.

EGYPTIANS IN ACTION

Meanwhile, in the extreme south of Palestine, Egyptians were reported in action with the Arabs for the first time. Palestine police said 11 Egyptians had been killed and five wounded in an attack on Kfar Darom, only Jewish settlement on the coastal plain, south of Gaza.

British troops called for a truce and ended the fighting.

JAVA REBUFF TO DUTCH

BATAVIA, April 12, (Reuter): Kusuma Atmadja, President of the Indonesian Republican High Court, has declined an invitation to form the first Cabinet in the Provisional Government of New West Java (Negara Pasundan) State, which was recently set up by decree of the Dutch authorities., Antara, Indonesian Republican news agency, reported from Jogjakarta.

Madras Government Ban On Communist Daily

MADRAS, April 12, (A. P. I.): The Government of Madras has issued orders today prohibiting the publication of the 'Desabhimani', Communist Malayalam daily from Calicut under Public Order Act 1947, as Government is satisfied that the action is necessary "for the purpose of securing public safety and maintenance of public order".

Fire Destroys Indian Cargoes

ROTTERDAM, April 12, (Reuter): Fire today seriously damaged part of the 1,200 tons cargo of sisal and other Indian products aboard the 7,967-ton Liverpool steamer Martand, which arrived here from Calcutta yesterday.

FIVE KILLED IN AIR CRASH

ROME, April 12 (UPA).—Five persons were killed today when a private small passenger plane crashed into a lake at Castel-gandolfo, 20 miles south of Rome.

Officials at Rome's Kurba airport, where the plane took off for a flight to Naples, said the pilot-owner of the plane, Bruno Piermo, his wife and two children died in the crash.

Firemen recovered the bodies of one child and the mother late this afternoon.

DERAILMENT NEAR PORBUNDER

Driver Killed: 200 Feet Of Track Damaged

RAJKOT, April 12, (A. P. I.): Two hundred feet of railway track was damaged when a wagon and the engine of a train went off the rails between Balwa and Vansjalia stations of the Porbunder-Jetalsar section. The driver of the engine was fatally injured. No passenger was however injured. Through traffic has since been resumed on the line.

NEHRU TO WRITE ON MAHATMA

ALLAHABAD, April 12.:— Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is reported to be busy on "Life of Mahatma Gandhi" and a well-known publishing firm has undertaken to publish the book shortly, Indian Press Association understands.

Pandit Nehru will make the book to give his personal reminiscences touching the Mahatma's life.

Baroda Contradicts Press Report

BARODA, April 12, (API): The Information Officer, Baroda, in a Press Note says that the report that Dr. Jivaraj Mehta will be the first popular Prime Minister of Baroda" is without foundation".

Eve Enters Co-operative Movement

Amrit Kaur Inaugurates Women's Section At Bombay Conference

BOMBAY, Monday.

Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Health Minister, Government of India, inaugurating the Women's Section of the Provincial Co-operative Conference here today, observed that the Co-operative Movement could help in creating unity between all classes of people in the country.

Key To Successful Life

"Co-operation is the key to successful life", she said. "Such co-operation begins in the family but must also extend to the larger family unit, which is the country, if we are to rise to our full stature. Co-operation breeds trusts and it harnesses collective endeavour into fruitful channels. It will be of special value to us because ours is a country where caste barriers have contributed to a tendency of living for ourselves and where poverty demands that we pool our meagre resources for the general good.'

Calling upon educated women to give the best in them for the service of the vast numbers of the needy, Rajkumari Amrit Kaur said that through co-operative endeavour they could assist in building up a structure of society "through which India will once again be able to raise her head as one of the great nations of the world."

"There is no gainsaying the fact," she observed, "that women, generally speaking, have by reason of their ignorance and the general set-up of our society kept aloof from many movements. In the co-operative movement, which has so far been largely a credit movement, women have been more or less non-participants. But if this movement is to embrace, as it should, all economic and social activities, it is absolutely essential that women, who form half the population of the country, should be harnessed into an activity which is fraught with immense possibilities for the general good as also for the benefit of their own sex. The time has now come to consider ways and means of training women workers for co-operative work so that they may show to women not only in cities but also in rural areas the ways and means whereby they may become self-reliant."

Rajkumari Amrit Kaur said that economic relief, education and social reform among women could best be done through co-operative movements. Health co-operatives could make a vital contribution towards better health for the people.

HANSA MEHTA OPTIMISTIC

Mrs. Hansa Mehta, earlier, welcoming the delegates and the guests said that a great deal of propaganda was necessary to arouse interest among women in the co-operative movement. She hoped that the Conference would help in creating interest.

Mrs. Mehta said that in India unlike in western countries, the social side of the co-operative movement was not touched. She urged the establishment of maternity and child welfare centres, nursery schools and similar institutions on a co-operative basis.

Mr. V. L. Mehta, Bombay's Finance Minister, proposed a vote of thanks. He hoped that in the near future, one would see women co-operators actively engaged in the movement.

AMRIT KAUR'S VISIT TO WELFARE CENTRE

BOMBAY, Monday.—"Welfare Centres should exist in every mill and labour area in Bombay and indeed all over India", remarked Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Health Minister Government of India on completing her inspection of the Welfare Centre of the

(Continued on Page 6)

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HOMAGE TO MARTYRS

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France, Another Weimar Republic?

MARSEILLES

Ever since the Schuman Government was given power by the Assembly, France has increasingly been referred to in outside contries as "just another Weimar Republic."

The Left uses the phrase either to discredit the regime, or to express in graphic terms a common fear of the future. But more conservative commentators also profess to see a parallel.

The 'London Times', for example recently said: "The experiment leaves not even a glimmer of hope. True, Robert Schuman is no lover of Bonapartist violence. He is, a conservative Catholic—honest according to his lights—much like Bruening of Weimar Germany, whose good intentions paved the way for Adolf Hitler."

If the analogy were true, the French situation would be hopeless. But thoughtful Frenchmen of very political views point out important differences. One, the Communists of France are not voting with the extreme Right, as they did so often in the German Republic, to embarrass and confuse the center parties. Another there are in France no armed and trained private and political party forces, openly parading in the streets, like the Nationalist troops, the Reichsbanner the Brown Shirts, the Communists, and others in pre-Hitler Germany.

Wiser Outside Aid

French parties may be diverse but there is nothing like the number that characterized the later years of the Weimar Republic. In the elections of July, 1932, in the huge State of Prussia, for instance, 21 parties vied with each other for support, leaving the way increasingly open for minority rule. Nor did the forces struggling against Hitlerism on one side and Communism on the other ever receive the kind of effective aid now given France—pledge under the Remadier Government and delivered under Schuman. Nor, despite some rumors of American financing for General de Gaulle, has there been any evidence that such powerful groups from outside as the French Comite des Forges are backing with arms and money the de Gaullist element.

French politics seem to be in a mess. After the installation of Schuman Government, France is being increasingly referred to as "just another Weimar Republic." Conditions in Weimar Germany gave rise to Hitler and his Nazism. Is France going the same way? There is General de Gaulle who wants a 'strong' President and 'strong' constitution. He has the making of a Hitler. There is again Schuman himself. He has shown no symptoms of wanting to be a dictator. What is in store for Frenchmen who swear by 'Liberty, Equality and Fraternity'? Will de Gaulle or Schuman play the role of a French Hitler?

Furthermore whatever the faults of Charles de Gaulle, his movement is not grounded in any fanatical race ideas like the anti-Semitism of Hitler. Nor is de Gaulle definitely fascist. A close friend of his, who worked with him during the Resistance, and who himself is now of the Left, recently told a correspondent that to classify de Gaulle as a fascist is 'sheer folly.' "The General," he said, "suffers badly because he is inarticulate when it comes to expressing his ideas exactly, is sometimes bewildered and uncertain, is frequently stirred by the impatience of the military man used to having his own way promptly. But a fascist? He is nationalistic, perhaps dangerously so; but he hates fascism and all its ways just as sincerely today as he did after the collapse of the Third Republic."

THIRD REPUBLIC

It does not follow that de Gaulle would be good for France. Once, during the war, the General's stubbornness, which had irritated Franklin Roosevelt, goaded Churchill to expression. Glaring at de Gaulle, and speaking in the atrocious French he seems to think is pretty good, Churchill grated "Vous etes un obstacle!" (Listeners say he pronounced it, "Veose ett unn ob-stack-el")

The General is apt to summon advisory councils of his own movement's leaders, and then, getting an almost unanimous opinion to disregard it completely. In his awkward way, he has fire and a certain brilliance. His demand for a strong President and a strong constitution is, he seems to think, based on the experience of the United States, but the fact remains that he has massed behind him many followers with near-fascist ideas, who, rightly or wrongly, see in his victory next spring or earlier their best chance. De Gaulle does not silence these elements with a forthright repudiation.

Schooled Against Fascism

No signs exist that the de Gaullists intend to achieve power through any other than legal channels. Should the Schuman Government by its strenuous program to rescue the franc and reduce Communist strength succeed in holding on until the late spring, there is no reason yet to believe that de Gaulle would refuse to wait. But even should he gain by spring elections a clearcut majority, and drive through his programme, it is deemed unlikely to resemble the pattern of Hitlerian fascism.

There are two further ways in which the French situation fails to fit the Weimar Republic's framework. Mr. Schuman is not, after all, very much like Bruening for the latter was always moving in the shadow of Von Hindenburg, and there is today no popular and venerated figure in French politics to play the Von Hindenburg role. Never did Bruening learn from bitter experiences in fighting fascism under a military occupation, as did most of the Schuman Cabinet, the hard necessity of refusing all fascist blandishments.

Nor were the German people experienced, as are the French, in democratic ways over a long period. The Weimar Republic had to build its democratic methods on hope and faith and emulation, rather than on national habit, for prior to 1914, there had been little opportunity to acquire practical familiarity with democratic parliamentarism.

Democratic Impatience

Perhaps the danger from the Schuman regime is not so much that it can lead directly into a tougher, fascist Government from further to the Right, as that its own understandable impatience may go too far. Already it has banned the Communist press from all army posts, reverting to an old army order prior to 1936. And though all parties are entitled to gasoline rations for campaign purposes, it has cut off that of the Communists, on the ground that, during the strikes, the Communists got all the gas they needed from industrial plants they occupied. There is always a danger, as many an anti-Communists Frenchman has been pointing out, when a democratic Government begins to use the same tactics it condemns in the opposition which, no matter how justifiably, it fears.

But M. Schuman, conservative that he is, has shown no symptoms of wanting to be a dictator. He has surprised the world by his firmness, and if the French public was also surprised, its astonishment was not unmixed with satisfaction. That impertinent weekly, Le Canard Enchaine, ran a cartoon showing a man reading a paper and exclaiming, "Who does this man Schuman think he is? Just listen to that authoritative tone!" Millions of Frenchmen have been listening, and if somewhat apprehensive lest the Premier take the bit entirely in his teeth the general mood seems to be a mixture of pleasure and respect.

"Immortals" Of French Academy

PARIS: Members of the French Academy who have been working since 1935 on the Ninth Edition of the "Historical Dictionary of the French Language," hope soon to reach their first milestone—the end of their work on the letter "A".

But the complete edition is not likely to be on sale this century.

The "Immortals" — as Members of the Academy are popularly called here —of French Literature have no illusions as to how many of them will live to see the last word classified under the letter "Z". If they worked with the same speed as did their predecessors on the comparatively "rushed" Eighth Edition, the volumes would appear just in time for the enlightenment of 21st century students.

Today, studying debating and revising in the tranquil Library of the Institute de France home of the Academy, a commission of eight Academicians is working on the word "aumone" (charity).

The Commission of eight report to the weekly meeting which brings together the most distinguished literary men of France — for election to the Academy is the highest honour that can be bestowed upon a French writer.

The Academy is a self-elected body of 40, including the permanent secretary, M. Georges Lecomte. New Members are elected by existing Members only to fill vacancies which may be caused by death or, in extremely rare cases, by members being struck off the roll in dishonour.

In accordance with a 300-year-old tradition every new member at the installation ceremony delivers a formal stylised speech eulogising the member he replaces.

On formal occasions the Academicians wear uniforms comprising bottle-green breeches and jacket, that Co-our being described by M. Jacques Rouche, of the Academy of Fine Art as the colour most appropriate to wisdom.

In addition to their research activities in connection with the historical dictionary. Members of the Academy perform other tasks directed towards the preservation of French language and culture, especially the award of the coveted Academy prizes for literature and poetry which set the seal of distinction on a literary career.

The academy forms a direct link with turbulent 17th century France, the era of swashbuckling cavaliers and court intrigues whose romantic atmosphere Alexandre Dumas recaptured 200 years later in "THE THREE MUSKETEERS"

It was founded by Cardinal Richelieu in 1635 as a first move towards preserving and perfecting the French language enriched by imaginative writers and poets of the Renaissance.

But the learned Cardinal briefed the first "Immortals" badly when he entrusted them with the task of producing the first dictionary.

After years of laborious research their edition was completed in 1694. It soon proved to be almost useless because each word was classified according to its Greek or Latin root, instead of alphabetically. To look up the simplest word required a complete mastery of the classical languages as well as an exceptional memory and infinite patience.

Realising their costly mistake, the Members of the Academy set to work again, this time grouping the words alphabetically. They reached the first milestone, the letter "B", after nine months and finally completed the edition in 59 years.

Successive generations of "Immortals" continued the never-ending task. The Eighth Edition was completed in 1935, just in time for the tercentenary of the Academy, and the commission then immediately begun work again on the letter "A" of the present edition.

The war and years of occupation interruped the work. Otherwise," an Academy official told me, "we should have been well into letter 'B' by this time."

The Academy meets in the 17th century Institute de France on the left bank of the Seine, opposite the former royal palace of the Louvre, which is now one of the world's most famous museums.

The Institut de France also serves as the Headquarters of the Academies of Inscriptions and Belles-Lettres, Science, Moral and Political Science (which admits distinguished foreigners as associate members) and fine arts.

Faced with this long list of distinguished bodies Parisians, who love to mock their most cherished Institutions, were amused to learn recently of the formation of the "Academie Francaise d'Argot"—a strictly unofficial organisation which meets to discuss new slang words and hopes to produce its own pocket-sized dictionary within a few months.

WILL PEACE RETURN TO PALESTINE?

On May 15 the British Mandate for Palestine is being terminated in conformity with the expressed and unanimous will of the United Nations. Suggestions are being made that the end should be postponed, that Britain should continue for another few months to be responsible for the maintenance of law and order. They come too late.

The mere prolongation of the Mandate for a few months would achieve nothing. The situation in August would not essentially differ from the situation in May. It has not essentially changed for many years.

There would be no purpose in discussing here the right and wrong, wisdom or folly, of past policies—of the Balfour Declaration, of the League Mandate and so on. The past is unalterable. We are concerned only with its effects.

TWO PEOPLES

The effect of the old policies has been that there are in Palestine today two peoples contending for supremacy, peoples of different languages, religions and traditions, neither desiring to blend with the other into a common nationality, and each insistent on remaining distinct and becoming dominant.

That is a deliberately created situation with which the British Government has been trying to cope for nearly 30 years. As the Mandatory Power, it has, for most of the period, managed to impose peace it has provided good administration; it has promoted the economic development of the country. It has in fact, been a benevolent foreign despot. It could do no more. And that clearly is not enough. Permanent foreign despotism, however benevolent, is acceptable neither to Jews nor Arabs, nor tolerable for the "despot".

JEWISH URGE

Moreover, even this system has now become unworkable. The great Jewish urge (whatever its origins) to leave the countries of Eastern Europe and settle in Palestine has transformed the situation. It has increased both Jewish pressure and Arab resistance. The conflict has become more intense than before the war. As a direct consequence of war conditions, both sides are now well armed. For the Mandatory it is no longer a question of destroying and disarming two armed forces. Nothing less than a major military operation will today enable either Britain or any other outside authority to impose peace in Palestine.

That is the plain fact of the Palestine situation today. It is useless to talk of "enforcement" of either partition or any other regime except in terms of a costly and prolonged military operation followed by a more or less permanent occupation to preserve the "peace" so restored. Nothing less will suffice. It is precisely because it has understood this that the British Government has relinquished the Mandate.

Any outside authority which might take over charge (whether it be an Assembly committee, an international trusteeship or a single trustee power) must be willing and able to use unlimited force for an unlimited period in order to enforce its authority. Incidentally, it must be prepared to incur the hostility of all Jewry and all the Arab world. It must have so completely the confidence of the United Nations that it will be unwavering ly supported in its every action, however ruthless.

MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS

Those are the minimum qualifications for the task. There is no State or organisation in the world which possesses them. That is a simple elementary fact. It will still be a simple elementary fact in August. Nothing would be charged by prolonging the Mandate until then.

The seems a growing realisation of the massive difficulties of any policy of "enforcement, of any further imposition of outside authority, once the British authority is withdrawn.

There is a tendency to look for a solution to a Jewish-Arab truce, to the possibilities of a Jewish-Arab settlement. Now to that, in the long run, there is clearly no alternative. Whether it can come before instead of after, a destructive and bloody civil war remains to be seen. But quite certainly the continued presence of the British administration will not serve to bring about either a truce or a rapprochement.

Relinquishing by Britain of responsibility and of authority may indeed bring a change for the better. It can hardly bring any essential canage for the worse since a civil war already exists. In any case, the effects will be the same whether it comes in May or in August. There is simply no point in postponement.

Drive Against Lawlessness In Southern States

Periodical Conference Between Bombay & Kolhapur Officials

KOLHAPUR, April 12 (API).—A conference of high officials of Kolhapur State and the Bombay Districts of Belgaum, Satara and Ratnagiri was held here on Saturday to devise ways and means of increasing co-ordination between the administration of Kolhapur and the Southern States as well as the adjoining Districts.

The conference which was presided over by Mr. C. K. Desai, Regional Commissioner for Kolhapur and the Deccan States was attended among others by Captain Nanjappa, Administrator of Kolhapur, Mr. V. Ishwaran Chief Administrator of the Sangli Group of Deccan States and high police and executive officers from the respective areas. Discussions took place in a cordial atmosphere and agreement was reached on all points discussed.

It has been decided to convene such conferences periodically in order to co-ordinate the drive against lawless elements in this region.

NANJAPPA'S ASSURANCE TO KOLHAPUR POLICE

The Administrator of Kolhapur, Captain Nanjappa, today assured the State Police that he would look into their demands for increased pay and allowances which he hoped to bring upto the level of those of the Bombay police.

Captain Nanjappa who was inspecting a police parade in the Residency Maidan exhorted policemen to keep their morale high and be "true disciplined soldiers of peace and order." He also announced reward to two constables of the State police in recognition of their prompt action in a case of arson and looting.

SARDAR PATEL'S HEALTH

Leaving For Mussoorie For Change

NEW DELHI, April 12 (API).—Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, the Deputy Prime Minister, who has been indisposed for some weeks is now normal, though doctors have imposed restrictions on interviews which are confined only to essential purposes. Sardar Pratel is leaving for Mussoorie during the third week of this month for a change. He is expected to spend a few days at Dehradun also.

BRITISH CRUISER LEAVES FOR MALTA

Carrying Torches To Be Used For London Olympic Games

LONDON, April 12 (Reuter)—The British cruiser "Liverpool" left Portsmouth for Malta today carrying the Torches which will be used for this year's Olympic Games in London. The first torch will be lit according to tradition on Mount Olympus in Greece and with the others will be carried by relays of runners to the stadium at Wembley for the opening ceremony on July 29.

OFFICIALS AND "INCIDENTS"

Amateur Swimming Association Insists On Right Men

LONDON, April 10 (Reuter)—Incompetent handling by officials of such an important sporting event as the Olympic Games could quite easily precipitate an "incident". The amateur swimming association are therefore to be highly commended for their insistence, that officials for the Olympic swimming events should be chosen on ability alone, and not as a reward for services to the sport.

It is no exaggeration to say that the officials will play a more important role in the games than the competitors. A poor display, or an error of judyment, by a competitor can only affect himself and his task: incompetence on the part of an official can affect all the competitors and teams, and cause ill-feeling bubbling over into protests.

The excellent form of Miss Denise Newman, who beat the national champion, Miss Edna Child, in the highboard event and finished second to her in the springboard event, was the feature of the British Olympic Diving Trials, held at Blackpool, the famous Lancashire seaside resort.

She is virtually assured of a place in the olympic team.

Philosopher Forgets To Buy Ticket

LONDON, April 12, (Reuter): Dr. Cyril M. Joad, author and broadcaster who became during the war, Britain's number one exponent of popular philosophy, was today fined £2 and ordered to pay £21 5s. costs after he had pleaded guilty for travelling on train without a ticket.

He was charged with travelling from London to Salisbury, Wiltshire with intent to avoid payment of the 17s. 1d. fare.

60 Jubbulpore Congressmen To Join Socialists

JUBBULPORE, April 12. (APD): About 60 out of 82 office bearers of Jubbulpore City Congress Committee have decided to resign from the Congress and join the Socialist Party it is learnt.

Prominent among these Congressmen are Mr. Bhawanipad Tewari, member of the AICC and Mr. Narsinghdas Agarwal, former President of Jubbulpore City Congress Committee.

Davis Cup

BR. TEAM TO MEET INDIAN PLAYERS

LONDON, April 12, (Reuter): Great Britain team to play India in the first round of the Davis Cup at Harrogate on April 22, 23 and 24 was announced today as follows: H. Billington, A. J. Mottram, G. L. Paish and H. F. Walton with F. T. Stone as non-playing captain.

Mottram, aged 27, does not arrive back from South Africa, where he has been touring during the winter, until the end of this week. He was the natural choice as number one player and Walton, who is likely to be the other singles player, earned his place by his display in the recent Paddington tournament, when he beat both Sumant Misra and Dilip Bose. It is problematical whether he can again beat Sumant Misra, and Britain's main hopes are likely to depend on whether Mottram can win his two singles. Walton, champion of the Royal Air Force, has an unorthodox style which, however, has given him an excellent record over the past two years.

Singles players need not be nominated until 24 hours before the start of the match, while the doubles pairing can be left until one hour before the start of the second day's play.

It is generally expected that Mottram and Walton will be the singles players leaving Paish and Billington for the doubles.

Paish is a 25-year-old civil servant who played last year, and he is better known for doubles rather than singles. Billington played in 1946, and is a 38-year-old farmer. They make up an experienced doubles combination, but Billington is at present nursing a strained back.

OLYMPIC GAMES TRIP: RS. 1, 30,000 MORE NEEDED

PATNA, April 11, (API): Professor Moinul Huq, Honorary Secretary Indian Olympic Association, announces that the Government of India have sanctioned to the Indian Olympic Association a non-recurring grant of rupees one lakh for 1948-49 towards the expenditure to be incurred in connection with India's participation in the international games to be held in London in July 1948.

In a statement welcoming this grant says that with this grant and the collections received so far from various sources a further sum of rupees 1,30,000 will be required to cover the cost of the Indian teams trip abroad. As the team is due to leave in about six weeks time he appeals to the general public to send their donations to him as soon as possible.

The contributions so far received are, Government of India and Provincial Governments — Rs. 1,30,000 and other contributions — Rs. 40,000.

The total estimated cost of the trip is about rupees three lakhs.

RAILWAYMEN IN DRAWN MATCH

Aga Khan Hockey Tournament

BOMBAY, Monday.

B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY 'A'	0
FARIDKOT HAWKS	0

The third quarter-final in this year's Aga Khan Hockey tournament between the Faridkot Hawks and the first string of the B.B. & C.I. Railway ended this evening in a goalless draw.

The match had had only nine minutes of play. Play was aimless, desultory and unimpressive. Either set of forwards reduced the match to the level of social visits, each goal receiving enthusiastic attention without being in any marked danger of being conquered.

In the earlier stages of the match the local goal had a narrow escape while under pressure and this was about the only bit of interesting hockey served up during the period of the engagement. Saxby had two or three chances of scoring but showed an alarming tendency to fumble with the ball inside the ring, being either deprived of the ball by one of the roosut out clean defenders or failing to maintain his control.

Two other offenders were the visitors outside-left Gurbachan Singh and to a somewhat lesser extent the railwaymen's inside-right Kishen. Both these forwards time and again failed to take advantage of some reasonably good opportunities of going through, the former due errors of judgement and the latter due to his inability to keep possession of the ball.

The deep defenders of either side, though never seriously tested, had their hands full effecting routine clearances. Bakshish Singh playing as the visitors' right-half lent his defenders ample support and did not allow Fernandes as much a latitude as he might have wished on the left flank.

The replay has been fixed for Wednesday.

The teams.

B.B. & C.I. Railway A:— Pearce; Jadhav and Ismail Khan; Agra, Joginder and Dias; Mullen, Kishen; Murzello, Saxby and G. Fernandes.

Faridkot Hawks.— Mehar Singh; Dharam Singh and Trilochan Singh; Bakhshish Singh, Rajender Singh and Khushal Chand, Jaswant Rai, Karnail Singh, Udam Singh, Ranjit Singh and Gurbachan Singh.

Tuesday's match at 5-40 p.m. Kalyanmals vs. Kirkee United.

B.O.A.C. WIN SIND HOCKEY CHAMPIONSHIP

KARACHI, April 12 (API): BOAC, Karachi, won the Sind Hockey Championship Tournament by beating the Burmah Shell in the finals by three goals to one on Sunday evening.

Two women hockey teams will play an exhibition match during the All-Pakistan Olympic Meet which will be held here during the third week of this month.

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BID TO HOLD 'RED' PUSH AGAINST CHENGCHOW

NANKING, April 12 (Reuter).—Chinese Government reinforcement were today reported pouring into the strategic area round the Chengchow railway junction in northern Honan in an effort to hold the Communist push from the South and West against the city, pro-Government despatches received here said. The Communists are threatening Chengchow and the railway town of Weihsien, in North-East Shantung.

No important changes in the position at the two centres has been reported for the past 24 hours.

WEIHSIEN FIGHTING

In Shantung, the Communists have announced they intend to occupy Weihsien within 10 days.

THREE STUDENTS ARRESTED

In a city wide drive against Communist agents, three students of the Chinan University were arrested today and a fourth was reported to have given himself up.

CHINA MAKING SCIENTIFIC PREPARATIONS FOR NEXT WAR

NANKING, April 12 (Reuter).—General Pai Ching Hsi, Minister of National Defence, told a packed meeting of the National Assembly here today that China was making scientific preparations for the next world war—a total war, with atom bombs.

General Paid said the strategy of the Chinese Communists in 1947 had been to cross the Yellow river.

This year they planned to cross the Yangtse.

"We must not dismiss them lightly," the General said, "with their 1,200,000 regular troops, 20 years' fighting experience and international background

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TRUTH ABOUT CITY'S WATER SUPPLY

Centre Holds Key: Revelation At Corporation Meeting

BOMBAY, Monday.

"Until the Central Government make available 50,000 tons of steel for a double water-line, 70 miles long, between the Tansa Lake and the city, the Vaitarna Scheme cannot materialise", said Mr. S. K. Patil at a meeting of the Municipal Corporation this evening.

When the resolution of the Works Committee recommending the grant of water connection to Messrs. The Motor House (Gujarat) Limited for the supply of water to their newly constructed factory for the manufacture of motor vehicles and their component parts at Bhandup, came up before the House, Mr. Naushir C. Bharucha observed that a distinction should be made between essential and non-essential factories, and that the Commissioner should grant water connections merely to the former and not to the latter, in view of the prevailing water scarcity in the city.

Mr. B. K. Patel, Municipal Commissioner, admitted that he was frankly unequal to the task of drawing a line between the essential and non-essential industries and suggested that this might be done by the Works Committee. So far he was concerned he could not refuse water to any industry until the percentage water reserved for the purpose was exhausted.

Mr. Patil emphasised the dire necessity for making the required quantity of steel available to the Corporation in as much as the Corporation was supplying water both for residential and industrial purposes to areas which were outside its administration.

"If the Government wanted the industrial expansion as it undoubtedly so desired and if it did not want drinking water to be denied to areas technically outside the administration of the Corporation, it should lose no time in removing this bottleneck.

The name of a labourer Gopal Ganoo in the agenda provoked Mr. Dinkar Desai to demand that there should be a uniform policy in the matter of prefixing 'Mr.' or 'Shriyut' before all names as against the present practice of making a distinction between white-collared employees and the ordinary workers. The Mayor assured the protesting Corporator that the matter had been duly taken notice of.

ANOTHER GROUP IN CORPORATION

The following statement has been issued by the Scheduled Castes Federation and Independent Group of the Municipal Corporation:

"Seven Councillors returned to the Corporation on the Scheduled Castes Federation ticket and six Independent Councillors have formed a Group within the Corporation known as the "SCF and Independent Group". The Group will function as a separate entity in the Corporation voting on all questions on merit and pledged to protect the interests of the working classes and in particular of the Scheduled Castes. Mr. Naushir Bharucha has been elected Leader of the Group, with Mr. H. K. Patel as Deputy Leader and Mr. R. D. Bhandare as Hon. Secretary. Incidentally it may be noted that the Citizens Election Board which was an 'ad hoc' body formed only for contesting the Municipal Elections, does not function as a party in the Corporation".

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JAI HIND

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KASTURBA

Daily 3.45, 6.45, 9.45

I. N. A. Convention To Meet In Bombay

BOMBAY, April 12, (A.P.I.):—The fourth All-Indian Convention of the officers and men of the Azad Hind Fauj will be held in Bombay on April 28 and 29 to consider the Prime Minister of India's recent announcement regarding the future of the I.N.A. it is learnt.

An I.N.A. spokesman said that the convention would "consider and decide whether, and if so, in what form, the Prime Minister's statement on the I.N.A. question was acceptable".

This will be the first meeting of its kind held by the I.N.A. personnel since India became free.

Among the prominent persons who are expected to attend the convention are: Major-General J. K. Bhonsle, Chief of the Staff of I.N.A., Col. Lakshmi of the Rani of Jhansi regiment, Major-General A. C. Chatterjee (Bengal), Major-General A. D. Loganadan (Mysore), Major-General S. C. Alagappan (Madras), Col. P. K. Sahgal (Cawnpore), Col. Rashiwal (Agra), Col. Gulzara Singh (East Punjab), Col. Mahboob Ahmad (Bihar), Col. N. S. Bhagat (U.P.) and Col. Niranjansingh Gill.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, April 12. (API): Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, total rainfall from 1st April 1948 and departure from normal, recorded at 08-00 hours (IST). on 12th April 1948:—

Ahmednagar 104 73 0 0.1 minus 0.1 Allahabad 109 76 0 0 minus 0.1 BOMBAY 91 79 0 0 0 0 Calcutta 98 78 0 0 minus 0.4; Colombo 90 74 1.0 2.5 minus 0.7 Delhi 100 69 0 0 minus 0.1 Hyderabad (Dn.) 102 78 0 0 minus 0.2 Indore 105 75 0 0 0 Lucknow 108 76 0 0 minus 0.1; Madras 96 78 0 0 minus 0.1 Mahabaleshwar 87 66 0 0 minus 0.3; Nagpur 109 76 0 0 minus 0.2 Patna 104 77 0 0 minus 0.1 Poona 104 75 0 0 minus 0.2 Sholapur 107 80 0 0 0 Simla 67 54 0 1.7 plus 1.0 Surat 101 75 0 0 0 0

WEATHER SUMMARY

Following is the daily weather summary for Monday, April 12.

A fresh western disturbance is affecting north-east Baluchistan and the North-West Frontier Province.

Local thundershowers have occurred in Assam and scattered thundershowers in and near sub-Himalayan Bengal, in the North-West Frontier Province, the west Central Provinces, the south Bombay Deccan and north-west Hyderabad.

Day temperatures were above normal from Gujerat and the North Bombay Deccan to the East Punjab and south-west Bengal.

Forecast until 13th evening: Local thundershowers will continue in Assam and sub-Himalayan Bengal, isolated thundershowers are also likely in South-West Bengal, the Eastern Pakistan, Orissa, the north-west Punjab, the north-west Frontier Province, Berar, the south-west and the east Central Provinces, the south Bombay Deccan, west Hyderabad and Malabar.

Day temperatures may fall over the region from the north Deccan to the United Provinces.

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Chaitra Shud 4, 2004.
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Akher 2, 1367.
Parsi: Avan 13, 1317.
Sunrise: 6-24 a.m. Sunset: 18-56 p.m.
Hightide: 01-48, 14-46. Lowtide: 07-58, 20-27.

To-day's Engagements

ROTARY CLUB OF BOMBAY: Rotarian P. M. Nanavati will speak on 'A Peep Inside Russia' at Green's Hotel at 1-45 p.m.

SREE RAM NAVAMI CELEBRATION, Vile Parle today (Tuesday) Hari Katha "Rukhmini Kalyanam" by Sri Travancore Krishna Sarma and party—8-30 p.m.

BOMBAY TAMIL SANGHAM: Tamil new year's day gathering at Sangham premises, Telang Road, today (Tuesday) at 8-30 p.m. Acharya T. A. V. Dikshit will preside.

HOME MINISTER'S PRESS CONFERENCE

The Home Minister, Bombay, Mr. Morarji Desai will hold a press conference today (Tuesday) morning at 11 a.m. on the Government's policy regarding the film industry and censorship.

GATHA SOCIETY MEETING: Today (Tuesday) at 6 p.m. at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute Library Hall, Apollo Street. Dasturji Bode will expound Gatha Yasna Ha 34.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY WOMEN'S COUNCIL

The Bombay Presidency Women's Council Labour Sub-Committee have invited Her Excellency Rani Maharaj Singh to visit the Matunga Labour Camp to see the welfare work done by the Sub-Committee and to perform the opening ceremony of the Nursery School today (Tuesday) at 5 p.m.

BOMBAY CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION: A public meeting will be held at the Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, Chaupatty, today (Tuesday) at 6-30 p.m. to protest against the Public Security Measures Amendment Act, recently passed by the Bombay Government. Mr. N. M. Joshi, President of the Bombay Civil Liberties Union, will preside, Prof. P. A. Wadia, Mr. N. H. Pandya, Mr. Purshottam Tricumdas, Mr. Asoka Mehta and others will address the meeting.

TARIFF ENQUIRY INTO PICKERS INDUSTRY

The Indian Tariff Board's public enquiry into the claims of the Pickers Industry for protection or assistance will be held on April 15 and 16, in its office at Contractor Building, Nicol Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. The enquiry will commence at 11 a.m.

AMBICA AIR LINES EMPLOYEES UNION

A meeting of the employees of Ambica Air Lines was held on Saturday, the 10th instant, at Juhu Aerodrome under the Presidentship of Mr. A. H. Ahmed, Chief Engineer, (who is also the convenor of the meeting), and by a resolution passed unanimously, a Union was formed with provisional Working Committee of fourteen members representing the various departments.

Mr. A. H. Ahmed, Chief Engineer expressed his willingness to support the Union's activities.

RAMA MANDIR: Opening ceremony of Rama Mandir at Village Davier will be performed by Mr G. D. Tapase on Rama Navami Day (April 17) at 6 p.m.

R. A. FINAL EXAMINATION

In the list of successful candidates published yesterday No. 121 R. K. Kothary has been inadvertently omitted. He has passed the final examination.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, April 12.

The Governor of Bombay received Major-General D. R. Bateman and Mr. N. Firodia.

Rani Maharaj Singh presided over the Annual Meeting of the Committee of the Countess of Dufferin Fund at Government House.

His Excellency presided at the meeting of the Committees administering the Homi Mehta Victory Thanksgiving Fund and the Post War Services Reconstruction Fund.

Rani Maharaj Singh attended the inauguration of the Women's Section of the Provincial Co-operative Conference at the Council Hall.

His Excellency and Rani Maharaj Singh attended an "At Home" given by the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank at the Radio Club, Apollo Bunder where they were received by Sir Janardan Madan.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY, April 13 (Tuesday).

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. Sundrabai (Thumri) 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Vimal Dighe 8-45 Sunderabai (Bhajan K. R. Vaidya) 9-0 Azmat Husain (Vocal) 12-0 p.m. Akashwani Ne Chotare (Variety programme in Gujarati) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Vocal Variety 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Henry Jacques and his Correct Dance Tempo Orchestra 2-0 Renara—Piano Variations 2-15 Billy Cotton & His Band 4-20 K. T. Pandit (Vocal) 4-40 Ratikumar Vyas (Geet Indulal-Gandhi) 5-0 Vimal Dighe 5-15 Kusum Karandikar (Purvi) 5-30 Ratikumar Vyas Gujarati Geet) 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-15 K. T. Pandit (Vocal) 6-35 Hori 6-45 Sundrabai (Thumri) 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Locals 7-15 K. T. Pandit (Vocal) 7-30 Utpadanachi Chadhai 7-45 "Sachin Deb 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Master Krishnarao (Vocal) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News Relay 9-40 Musical Interlude 9-45 Controlled Economy for India 'Controls in Theory' Talk in English by Prof. M. L. Dantwala 10-0 Dunstan Roberts—Bass 10-15 "And the Word was Made Man" 10-30 Emmi Marcus: Piano.

VARIATIONS.

41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)—7-40 a.m. Akhtari Bai Faizabadi 5-45 p.m. Kusum Karandikar (Bhimpalas) 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners 7-15 Interval.

61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s)—7-45 p.m. Commercial News 8-0 Azmat Husain (Vocal) 9-0 Tarabai Shirodkar 10-0 Master Krishnarao (Vocal) 10-40 Tarabai Shirodkar.

Bombay Congress By-Election

Candidates For Different Constituencies

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee have issued the following notification in regard to the Congress Delegates' by-elections from the City Province of Bombay:—

The following are the validly nominated candidates for the different constituencies:—

'A' WARD: One seat to be filled. (1) Shri Ambaram Talakchand Doshi, (2) Shri Nathalal D. Parikh.

'B' WARD: One seat to be filled. (1) Shri Shivji Monji Nakar, (2) Shri Vijyaben Mohanlal Gor, (3) Shri Chintaman D. Koli.

'C' WARD: One seat to be filled (1) Shri Sunderdas Morarji, (2) Shri Panalal Maneklal Chinai, (3) Shri Tribhovandas Harishankar Bhatt, (4) Shri Maneklal N. Vakharia, (5) Shri Yeshwant Krishna Parulekar, (6) Shri J. B. Khandelwal, (7) Shri Madhav Suppa.

'D' WARD: One seat to be filled. (1) Shri Govind Balkrishna Mahashabde.

'E' WARD: One seat to be filled. (1) Mrs. Satyabhamabai Keshav Borkar, (2) Shri Mahmed Yaseen Nurie, (3) Shri Ramchandra Krishnaji Rumde, (4) Shri Balaram Dharmayya Tammal, (5) Shri Mathaji Vhivaram Chilap, (6) Shri Shamrao Vithoba Patil.

'F' WARD: Two seats to be filled. (1) Shri D. N. Singh, (2) Shri Rajaram Madhavrao Khandray, (3) Shri Sakharam Babaji Mahadeshwar, (4) Shri Parsharam Krishnaji Sawant, (5) Dnyaneshwar Maruti Shinde, (6) Shri Narayan Yallappa Shankoo, (7) Shri Balkrishna Govind Karekar, (8) Shri Dattatraya Yeshwant Gawade, (9) Shri Damodar Jagannath Athalye, (10), Shri Parashram Mukund Patil, (11) Shri Rambali Bhuleswar Mithaiwala.

(NOTE: Consideration of one nomination paper is held over and the name of the candidate if the nomination paper is held valid, will be published).

'G' WARD: Two seats to be filled (1) Shri Vishvasrao Mahadeorao Nagwekar, (2) Shri Shitlaprasad Nandkishore Sharma, (3) Shri Sakharam Mahadeo Pawar, (4) Shri Jagdeo Shankar Sharma, (5) Shri Ramchandra Krishnaji Rumde, (6) Shri Budhiram Bindesari, (7) Shri Ishwarbhai Somabhai Patel, (8) Shri Sukhdeo Pd. Salikram Mishra.

Since the number of candidates in all Constituencies except 'D' Ward exceeds the number of seats to be filled, elections in such constituencies shall take place in accordance with the Constitution of the B.P.C.C. on a date or dates which will be duly fixed by the President of the B.P.C.C. who has been authorised in that behalf by a resolution of the Committee.

Centres For Selling A. I. C. C. Tickets

The following are the centres where tickets are kept for sale:

1. Congress House, Sevika Dal Office, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay 4.
2. Smt. Jaishriben Raiji, Bhagini Samaj, Near Vanita Vishram, Khetwadi Main Road, Bombay.
3. Smt. Babiben Mulji Dayal, Bhatia Stri Mandal, Bazar Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.
4. Shri Maneklal Vakharia Bullion Mahajan, Zaveri Bazar Bombay.
5. Sri Hiralal A. Dave, Cotton Exchange, Kalbadevi, Bombay.
6. Shri M. M. Munshi Bombay Cotton Merchants and Muccadams Association Ltd., Sewree Bombay.
7. Shri Ratilal Kothari, Diamond Merchants Association, Dhanji Street, Mumbadevi, Bombay.
8. Shri Ratilal B. Mehta, Suburban District Congress Committee, Ghatkoper.
9. M/s. Bombay Grain Merchants Association, Masjid Bunder, Bombay.
10. M/s. Grain Dealers' Association, Bhat Bazar, Bombay.
11. Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce, Industrial Building, Church Gate, Bombay.
12. Shri Ramsahai Pandey, Hindustani Merchants and Commission Agents Association, Kalbadevi, Bombay.
13. Shri Bhanushankar M. Yagnik, C. Ward District Congress Committee Kalbadevi, Bombay.

Shri J. B. Khandelwal C. Ward District Congress Committee, Kalbadevi, Bombay.

14. Indian Merchants' Chamber, Churchgate Reclamation, Bombay 1.
15. Shri Kameshwar Vyas, Dharamraj Gulley, Mulji Jetha Market Bombay.
16. Messrs. B.A. Brothers, Druggist and Chemists, Princess Street, Bombay
17. Khandi Mandir, Vile Parle.

Purchase your tickets right now to avoid disappointment.

RATES OF TICKETS.

Rs. 250
Rs. 100.
Rs. 50.
Rs. 25.
Rs. 10

Case Against Allenberry & Co.

BOMBAY, Monday.—The case against J P. Jain, Menon, Markende Singh and Gudwadi of Messrs. Allenberry and Company,—alleged offer of 100 tons of American mild iron sheets at black market rates, to a bogus customer sent by the C.I.D.,—came up for resumed hearing before Mr. J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate, Mazgaon Police Court, today.

Prosecution witness Adiwarekar was cross-examined by Mr. Ghaswalla, the counsel for defence.

In the course of the cross-examination, the witness stated that he was then the Assistant Secretary of Peoples' Anti-Corruption League. That was practically a full-time job. On Oct. 10, Patel, the Secretary of the League, and himself went to the office of Crime Branch II at 11 o'clock. Sorab Patel was asked to accompany him. He signed in the panchnama, as required by the Police officer.

At this juncture, Mr. Ghaswalla raised a point to say that the witness as the Assistant Secretary of the People's Anti-Corruption League was an interested party and hence, he, as 'panch' was of no importance.

Further hearing was postponed to April 13.

CEMENT IS AVAILABLE

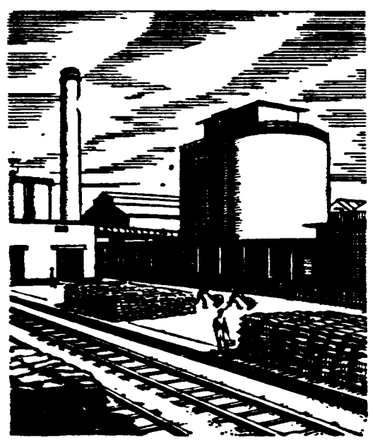
—BUT MOVEMENT DIFFICULTIES HINDER DELIVERY

India has today an aggregate cement manufacturing capacity of nearly 30,00,000 tons and this is ample to meet all necessary demands.

The total quantity the factories are capable of producing cannot, however, be made available to the public because of movement difficulties which are inevitable at a time when transport services of all sorts are greatly over-strained. Food must have right of way on the railways, on the roads and even on the water-ways. This affects the receipt of necessary materials at the factories.

Notwithstanding these handicaps cement is being manufactured and there is no shortage at the factories.

The same movement difficulties which affect supplies of necessary materials at the factories also affect adversely the deliveries of cement to the buyers.



Due to these movement difficulties the Cement Industry is at present able to manufacture and despatch only a part of the output for which it is equipped and which can immediately become effective when the problems of movement are solved.

The object of this notification is to acquaint cement users with the position and to solicit their help in limiting their demands to their actual and immediate needs, until the situation improves. The Industry is doing its utmost to serve everybody fairly.

Issued by:

The Cement Marketing Company of India Ltd.

JWT / CMI / Pub. Rels. / No. 1

ANARCHY WILL LEAD TO CHAOS

Home Minister's Warning To Agitators

(From Our Correspondent).

VILE PARLE, April 12.—"We are living in Free India and celebrating the first National Week today. There is practically no material difference in the sentiments which prompted us to observe the National Week. We were trying to make ourselves free by remembering our weaknesses and failties. Today we have to remember the sacrifice of the father of our nation and take our bearing." Thus observed Mr. Morarji Desai, the Home and Revenue Minister, Government of Bombay, at a public meeting held under the auspices of the Vile Parle Taluka Congress Committee under the Presidentship of Mr. Naval Jerajani at Mor Bungalow on Sunday night at 8 p.m. Our first duty today, the Home Minister asserted, is to know our responsibility and remove our weaknesses, and unless we do this, it is very probable we might lose our freedom as we have lost our Father. You all will admit, he added, that we have failed to follow in the path he had chalked out for us. Most of our miseries are its outcomings.

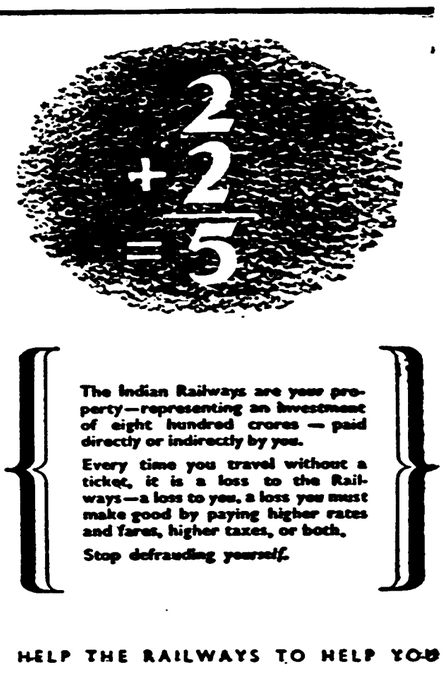
The death of Mahatmaji has set the world aghast. The entire world feels that they have lost a friend of humanity and human values which is the paramount need of the world today.

A GREAT DANGER

I would like to draw your attention," he added, "to another grave danger to our existence". When India needs more production, we have in our midst a section of people, who want to coerce into action by threat of direct action. Our Socialist friends have withdrawn from the Congress. This decision of theirs is all the more regrettable, as it weakens the rank of Congress. They are misguided. They want power and they are welcome to it if they follow the real way to power. If the people want us to leave the Ministry, we will not stay for a day. But the Public Safety Act is not an encroachment on human elementary liberty but it aims against those whose only way is coercion and creation of anarchic state. The way of anarchy is bound to lead us to chaos.

N. V. Gadgil To Leave For Delhi On April 17

BOMBAY, April 12 (A.P.I.)—Mr. N. V. Gadgil, Minister for Works, Mines and Power and Commerce, who is now in Bombay, will leave for Delhi on April 17. Mr. Gadgil will daily attend his office at New Customs House from 10 a.m. to 1-30 p.m.



The Indian Railways are your property—representing an investment of eight hundred crores — paid directly or indirectly by you.

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A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

To cure is the voice of the past; to prevent, the divine whisper of today.

—K. D. WIGGEN.

The Bombay Chronicle

NEED FOR PATIENCE

The relations between the Government and the Press have come in for serious attention The recent amendments to the Public Security Act in Bombay have caused the public to consider the whole subject afresh and their synchronising with the holding of the Geneva Conference on Freedom of Information gives added interest to something that would have been brushed aside as academic. Mr. S. N. Ghosh, presiding over the fifth session of the U. P. Working Journalists Federation, has felt called upon to rally journalists to resist "repressive laws". National freedom, he says, has come but freedom of the press has yet to be established. This is nothing new. When the United States of America attained her freedom, the American Press shed most of the restraint that it had exercised in her colonial days. George Washington is believed to have refused a second term in the presidentship because of the scurrility of the Press. That the Indian Press has generally been restrained and even anxious to help the Government is a fact. Nevertheless, there have been instances where the limits of fair comment have been overshot, and in consequence the patience of Ministers has been exhausted.

Strong action is not by any means the best cure for the excesses of freedom. The remedy for abuses of liberty, said Mill, was not restraint but more liberty. The general support of the Indian Press might have induced the Government to overlook the few exceptions. Even the inflammability of conditions in the country and the charge of incitement could not make a good case for Government action since attempts at suppression serve greatly to draw attention to the evil and even to throw a little glamour on it. The only justification for the Government is that men involved in the intricacies of administration may be excused if they feel irritated at unfair comment. Moreover, as Woodrow Wilson has remarked in his brilliant "Study of Administration", popular governments are not usually familiar with the art of judiciously slackening the reins of administration.

Mr. Ghosh, who is Editor of the "Pioneer", was digressing widely when he spoke of the Government-Press relations to working journalists. Only a small minority of his audience—his fellow-editors—could have been concerned with questions of policy. There is today no question of defying the Government. It is essential that leaders of opinion should be the first to appreciate the altered conditions in Free India. The working journalist is not interested in questions of high policy. He has problems nearer home that call for solution and it is doubtful if the attention of the working journalist can be diverted from his immediate difficulties by stirring calls to fight Government repression. It must be clearly understood—as it is in the profession—that the argument with the Government lies with the editors, and it is not going to degenerate into a fight if the two parties can help it. The ordinary working journalist who is concerned with working conditions, will gladly leave the editor to press for the "abrogation of the repressive laws clamped down on this country by alien rulers".

What is galling about restrictions on the press is not, however, the penalty that is inflicted on the offending but the creation of an atmosphere which constrains even the more sober elements. If a newspaper should contravene the law, then it is fit that it should suffer. But its offence should not be made the cause for reducing the freedom of the press as a whole. It is this aspect that needs stressing as well as the fact that, in Bombay for example, Government has not always considered the past record of a newspaper before acting against it. Here, however, lies no cause for precipitate action. There is scope for resolving the differences between Government and the Press through discussion and mutual adjustment. It is even possible that the Press might find it necessary to overhaul its own machinery of contact and negotiation with the Government. Every effort must be bent towards a satisfactory solution—satisfactory not only in the result but even in the process of negotiation.

The Hindu Code

Parliament having passed, on the last sitting day of its budget session, the motion to refer the Bill to Amend and Codify the Hindu Law to Select Committee, the stage is now set for the emergence of a compact and easily identifiable set of rules which can be called the Hindu Law. For the position of Hindu Law so far has been exceedingly uncertain. The British decided at one stage to transplant the entire body of Western jurisprudence to India. In pursuit of this resolve, they enacted a complete new penal code and also introduced separate laws of procedure and evidence. But after a time they decided to leave untouched the laws of the various communities with regard to marriage, divorce, adoption, inheritance, succession and other matters. Early British jurists took a great deal of trouble to revive and restate the Hindu Law. Although theoretically that law was derived from the 'Srutis' and 'Smritis', what was actually administered was a confused compound of custom—because custom was even allowed to override the 'Smritis'—as amended by what was called the principles of equity and good conscience as laid down by the Privy Council. In the final analysis Hindu Law became case law. Then started various reformist movements, which succeeded in making changes of limited application. The law as it stood was so confused that Sir Hari Singh Gour, in the preface to his "Hindu Code" prepared in the late twenties, despairingly remarked that only a new 'Avatar' could help the Hindus.

It now seems, however, that something could be done without such divine intervention. The essential spade work for this was put on by the Hindu Law Reform Committee presided over by that eminent jurist, Sir B. N. Rau. The collaboration of Sir B. N. Rau and Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Law Member of the Government of India, has made possible a positive step being taken not merely in codifying Hindu Law, which in itself was both necessary and eminently desirable, but in introducing revolutionary amendments dictated by the changing social needs and opinions of the community. Dr. Ambedkar in his speech has clearly enunciated the salient features in which the draft code makes a bold departure from existing practice. Of the greatest social significance, among these features, are the provisions giving a half share to a daughter, the conversions of the woman's limited estate into an absolute estate, the abolition of caste discrimination in the matter of marriage and adoption and the principles of monogamy and divorce. Most of these changes relate to the vital shift in public opinion regarding the status of woman in society, so that there is some justification for the remark of Mr. Rohini Kumar Chowdhury that the draft code should have been called Hindu Women's Code and not Hindu Code. It is in this connection that we would very much like to draw attention to a question which has escaped attention in recent public controversies. All talk of the status of women is generally related to their status in law with reference to rights of property. In a poor country like India millions of people are really unconcerned about property rights because there is no property which they could inherit. But there is an aspect of law which is also based on the assumption of the inferior status of women but which concerns the life and happiness of all classes of society including the unpropertied millions—the aspect covered by the chapter on offences relating to marriage in the Indian Penal Code. The underlying principle running throughout this chapter, a principle stated in clear terms by the second law commission in their discussion of "adultery" is that woman is the property of man. This assumption, as well as the confused position relating to conversion and its effects on bigamy, need to be closely looked into. No doubt, the codification of Hindu Law, will by itself bring up these issues which must be tackled not in terms of dead codes or customs but in terms of the social needs of a modern and progressive community.

It is exactly here that the approach of various members of Parliament to the draft code has been most gratifying. A number of them pointed out that India is a secular State and hinted that provisions based on religious considerations should not find a place on the statute book. There is some weight in the view that every citizen of a State should be governed in all matters by a common law. At least, it is a very desirable consummation. But, as Dr. Ambedkar rightly pointed out, this country is inhabited by many communities each with its own special personal law. In any case where that personal law conflicts with a social policy accepted by the State, personal law will undoubtedly have to give way. And when there is no such conflict, the State cannot say that it will let things drift. It recognises the personal law, codifies it and amends its according to the progressive needs of the community affected by it. When the wishes of the various communities move in any one direction, a common law might result. In the meanwhile, there is no reason why one community should not go ahead. Muslims, for instance, are still not prepared for monogamy. Hindu opinion has come round to accept it. Law should take note of it and incorporate it in statute. Many other reforms, such as the total abolition of the system of adoption in Hindu law, were demanded by Mrs Hansa Mehta and other speakers. All these reforms may not be accepted at once. But the mere fact that Hindu Law is now being laid down in the form of a clear, compact and easily understandable statute will make the discussion of reforms easier and may facilitate early amendment of the Law. The enactment of the Code, whatever may be its shortcomings from the point of view of particular individuals, being thus desirable, the remaining process of legislation including the discussions of the select committee, must not be unduly prolonged.

Frankly Speaking

Progress Of Co-operation

The progress of the Co-operative Movement in the Province of Bombay, according to the figures cited by Sir Janardan A. Madan, chairman of the Provincial Co-operative Institute, at the inaugural session of the 19th Bombay Provincial Co-operative Conference, is extremely gratifying.

In June last year there were in the Province over 8,000 societies with a membership of over a million and a quarter. The working capital was approaching the figures of 39 crores of rupees. Since then the demand for more societies has been insistent. The forms of societies and the class of persons who wanted to organise such societies has also been varied. While this is gratifying it is no way surprising. In the context of the battle of ideologies and the claims of rival systems of social organisation—represented by extreme individualism and uncontrolled capitalism on the one hand and an economic order wholly regimented by the all powerful state on the other—co-operation offers a third alternative free from the evils of both the extremes. As Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister, in his address at the same conference pointed out Co-operation is capable of achieving a synthesis between the claims of the individual and those of the community and makes possible the attainment of the ideal of economic equality as Gandhiji conceived it.

Future Possibilities

Some people however still seem to have a limited conception of the scope of co-operation. Sir V. T Krishnamachari, who presided over the conference, stated the position clearly and correctly when he said that "the principle of co-operation is capable of application to an infinite variety of conditions. This is its supreme merit". He pointed out that with a reorientation of its nature and aims, the co-operative system offers the best line of advance in India and that it is possible to achieve under it the progress we have set before us as a target. Sir V. T. Krishnamachari also made a reference to co-operative farming as an alternative to collective farming, which in his view was unsuitable to conditions in India. But conditions can change. There can be no difference with him when he insists that it is essential to plan for the doubling of agricultural production within a period of about 15 years. That in itself is a revolutionary change and it may be necessary to adopt revolutionary methods in order to bring about that change. We should not be taken to imply anything derogatory to the scope and possibilities of co-operation when we suggest that India should be prepared to experiment boldly in every possible method in an attempt to find out the most effective means of achieving her objective

Baroda Reforms

Yet another bastion of feudalism has fallen. The ruler, as well as the people of Baroda, deserves to be congratulated on the inauguration of new reforms involving the setting up of full responsible government in the State. This is the result of successful negotiations that have been going on for some time between the ruler and the State Praja Mandal. The wise ruler has realised the spirit of the times and has conceded the demands of the people. According to the terms of the settlement which were announced by him at a special ceremony on Sunday, a Constituent Assembly elected on the basis of adult franchise is to be set up with full sovereign powers and charged with the duty of drawing up a new constitution. Only certain specified subjects such as the privy purse, succession rights, military administration and foreign relations will be kept out of the purview of the Constituent Assembly. At the same time an interim cabinet, elected from among the majority party in the existing legislature—and that is the Praja Mandal Party—is also to be set up. Baroda is one of the viable States, which according to the present policy of the States Department of the Government of India, should be allowed to have an independent existence. Such existence would be impossible in present-day India, except with the full consent and co-operation of the people and for the good of the country as a whole.

Abominable Escapism

It is the British who must accept the original responsibility for the Palestine tragedy. They laid the foundations of it during and immediately after the first great war. Other Big Powers especially the United States, have during the last few years sought to make Arab Palestine the easy solution of their own difficulties in regard to Jews and a haven of escape from their moral and political responsibilities towards the Jews of Europe "displaced" from countries which were theirs and which it was the duty of the Allies to make safe and secure for them. This renders the crime against Palestine more abominable. And if the British, whatever their reasons and motives, are not willing to participate in it, they should not be blamed.

Repellent Pose

We therefore, hold that the reported complaint of the United Nations Palestine Commission about British non-co-operation is unfair Indeed, and that is the point, it is worse than unfair When the commission speaks of the "many practical measures contemplated in the partition plan" which it wanted to carry out before May 15, what it means is that the British, responsible for law and order should have done the Commission's dirty job for the Commission with their resources and with the lives of their men Baldwin once described the desire for power without responsibility as the prerogative of the harlot. The Commission's pose of injured innocence because the British would not establish its power on their responsibility and with their men and material is no less repellent.

Fight For A Free Press Through Centuries

HIGHLIGHTS OF CALCUTTA EXHIBITION

Exclusive To The "Chronicle"

The organisers of the Exhibition in Calcutta, and particularly Mr. Amal Home, the veteran journalist, who was the Organising Secretary of the Newspapers and Periodicals Section of the Exhibition spared no pains to present a complete picture of the growth of the Indian Press. The memorable utterance of Sir Thomas Monro (Governor of Madras, 1819) was significant: "A Free Press and the domain of strangers are things which are quite incompatible and which cannot go together. For what is the duty of a Free Press? It is to deliver the country from a foreign yoke and to sacrifice to this one great object every meaner consideration."

Starting from 1768, right up to 1948, a remarkably well-knit account of the rise and growth of the Indian Press was presented in the unique 'Newspaper Court' at the Exhibition. Accurate record of the progress made by the Indian Press after the 'Forties of the Twentieth Century' could not be made because of the lack of adequate response from the current papers and periodicals who failed to respond adequately to the appeal for co-operation, although ample time was given to them to answer the questionnaire. It is indeed a pity that this should have so happened.

PIONEER FIGHTERS

By a series of pictures, portraits, charts, maps, and appropriate and well-selected quotations from Rammohan Roy, Metcalfe, Macaulay, Sir William Hunter, Edwin Arnold, and cleverly arranged to focus upon the bust of Raja Ram Mohan Roy, the Architect of the Free Press in India, than whom no one fought for its freedom braver and harder, the Newspaper Court developed an atmosphere of reverence for the departed fighters for national salvation, 'the brave patriots who stood up not on behalf of any peculiarly Indian rights, but the right of humanity at large,—"the liberty to know, to think, to believe and to utter freely according to the conscience over all other liberties.' The coloured portraits of the celebrities connected with the rise and development of the Indian Press, beautifully executed by Sukumar Sen, included Dwarkanath Tagore, Ramgopal Ghose, James Silk Buckingham, H. L. V. DeRozio, Prosonno Coomar Tagore, William Carey Macaulay, Bentick, Metcalfe, Monro Marsnman, James Sutherland, D. L. Richardson, J. H. Stockqueler Debendranath Tagore, Alexander Duff, Robert Knight, Dakshina Ranjan Mukherji, Dadabhai Naoroji, Kaliprosad Ghose, J. W. Kaye, G. B. Malleson Girish Chandra Ghose, Lal Behari De, Peary Chand Mitra, Kishory Chand Mitra James Prinsep, Kristodas Pal, Radhika Raman Mukherjee, Sambhu Chandra Mukherjee, Syed Ahmed Khan, Mahadev Govind Ranade With them also, clustering around the bust of Rammohan Roy, were: Narendra Nath Sen, Motilal Ghose, Manmohan Ghose, Sisir Kumar Ghose, Surendra Nath Banerjee, Pherozshah Mehta, Rudyard Kipling, Dayalsingh Majithia, George Knight, C. Y. Chintamani Meredith Townshend, Sitalakanta Chatterjee, Byramji Malabari Narendra Nath Ghose, George William Allen, A. Rangaswami Ayengar, Mujibar Rahman, K. C. Roy, Krishna Behari Sen, Paul Knight, Bal Gangadhar Tilak, Bipin Chandra Pal, Aurobindo Ghose, Ramanand Chatterjee N. C. Kelkar, Chittaranjan Das, Kalinath Roy, Shyamsundar Chakravarty, Mohammad Ali, Motilal Nehru Madan Mohan Malaviya, J. M Sen Gupta, Annie Besant and Subhas Chandra Bose.

RECORDS FROM ARCHIVES

The Historical Section contained old and rare records, collected from the National Archives of the Government of India related to the deportation of William Bolts (1767) the tragedy of Hicky (James Augustus Hicky, founder of the Bengal Gazette in 1780, the first Newspaper in India which outdates by six years the celebrated London Times"), Adam's campaign against James Silk Buckingham (who founded the "Calcutta Chronicle" and fell foul of Warren Hasting's administration) leading to the notorious 'Adam's Gag' (Regulation of 1823 according to which applications for licences and permits were made compulsory for any one desiring to own and or start a Newspaper in India). Another interesting gallery contained pictures of famous founders and editors of Indian Newspapers and periodicals Here, led by the immortal Rabindranath, one saw portraits of figures connected with the growth and development of the "Young Bengal" and New India" movements; those who bore the full brunt of the impact of cultures of the East and the West. The century in Indian history, beginning with Raja Rammohan Roy and closing with Swami Vivekananda and Ramkrishna Paramhansa is full of significance. The importance of the 'Newspaper Court' of the All-India Exhibition in Calcutta was recognised by those who visited this pavilion before it was wrecked by the furious hail-storm of Sunday, March 14th last. It is regrettable that adequate attention was not paid to the construction of the structure.

The Historical section of the Court' contained original files of all the old newspapers and periodicals published in India since 1780 and particularly after 'Adam's Gag' of 1823 down to the opening decade of the twentieth century.

The rest of the Pavilion was arranged to accommodate (i) the Foreign Section, and (ii) Current Indian Journalism. In the first, the British and American Sections were accorded plenty of space to play their respective papers. The British Information Service and the American Consulate taking charge of the respective displays. Continental, U.S.S.R., Middle East and Far East and Burma were also profusely represented. The Friends of the Soviet Union' were responsible for the display of Russian papers and journals, most attractive among which was the "Soviet Calender."

GANDHIJI IN THE PICTURE

Current Indian Journals, Periodicals and Newspapers were displayed neatly arranged in special racks. Special boards were accorded for the display of the papers started by Mahatma Gandhi. A plaque of Gandhiji made by Mr. Sunil Pal and a life-size portrait by Mr. Sukumar Sen (whose artistic talent for drawing portraits enlivened the Newspaper Court) were exhibited. A corner was arranged with the Independence Special Numbers' of the Indian Newspapers. A mural intended to depict the life of newspapermen, painted by Mr. Khagen Roy, was displayed on top of various pictures of Gandhiji taken by eminent press-photographers of Bengal (Messrs. Tarak Das, Monoj Das, D Ratan etc.) Two banners, each of a length of forty feet, bore the following inscriptions from Virgil and Shakespeare:

"Swift are her wings to cleave the air, swift-foot she treads the earth" and "I must have liberty withal, as large a charter as the winds to blow on whom I please."

NEWSPAPER MAPS

A special feature of the 'Court' was a collection of several Quotations and Display Posters to record the role of journalism in the development of culture. Three maps showing "the Nerve Centres of the World," "The Nerve Centres of India" and "India and Pakistan: Location of Principal Newspapers", were also interesting. The last was also supplemented by a chart which showed that there are now 42 daily newspapers in various languages published from the province of Bombay, 29 from Bengal, 27 from United Provinces, 8 from Central Provinces and Berar, 4 from Orissa, 21 from Madras, 20 from Delhi and East Punjab, 9 from Bihar and 2 from Assam In the States, 11 from Hyderabad, 3 from Travancore, 3 from Mysore, 2 from Cochin, 1 each from Indore and Jaipur, 3 from Jodhpur and 2 from Ajmere. In Pakistan, 4 from Lahore (2 in Urdu and 2 in English) and 9 from Karachi (3 in Urdu, 5 in English and 1 in Sindhi).

Apart from the exhibits on loan from the National Archives and the Imperial Library, collections were obtained from the Bangiya Sahitya Parishat, Bhudeb Mukherjee Trust, Uttarpara Library and several private collections, all known to the indefatigable Organising Secretary of the Newspapers and Periodicals Section of the All-India Exhibition. (Copyright: New Times Feature Service.)

Malayalam New Year

(BY H. N. S.)

Malayalees all over the world will be planting the New Year resolves and will also be planting the year's seed today.

Vishu is the Malayalam New Year Day. The word 'vishu' is derived from the Sanskrit 'vishuvam' and denotes the transition between the months Meenum and Medam marked in astronomy by the intersection of the ecliptic with the equator.

To the Malayalee, the opening day of the year has a tremendous astrological bearing on the subsequent course of events. As we know, the astrological predictions for the whole year are calculated from Medam, a convenient astronomical base.

The planets are said to have fateful influences on human life and their influence is mathematically calculable. The Navagrahas — Sun Moon, Kuja, Budha, Guru, Sukra, Sani, Rahu and Kethu—according to Malayalam astrology own a certain sign of the zodiac. When they occupy their respective signs, they are strong enough to carry out their influences. Each is supposed to have a distinctive control over the fate of the crops, the rains, the King, the Minister etc., of a country. On their "exaltation" and "debilitation" on New Year Day depends the forecast for the year.

Everybody is anxious to start the Vishu day auspiciously. Arrangements are so made that tomorrow you see auspicious things on waking. This elaborate and comprehensive pre-arrangement is called 'kani' and consists in the artistic overnight arrangement in a sacred room of all agreeable and beautiful external influences— flowers and rice, cocoanut and gold, fruits and cloth areca nut and bell-metal lamps, the 'Konna' (cassia fistula) and 'Granatham' (palm leaf mss.).

Not perhaps in "civilised" cities, in Malabar towns the elders used to blindfold the youngsters at about 4 a.m. and take them to the 'Kani' seat them on a grass mat facing east and then suddenly suffering them to open their eyes. The day is a festive round of laughter and fun.

The relatives and servants receive a "Vishu Katam" (a gift of money) from the head of the house.

Besides making a forecast (Vishu palam) of the agricultural prospects for the year, the astrologer fixes an auspicious day— for a small consultation fee—for the fresh ploughing. On that fixed day the master with a new plough, a new bull and a new basket goes in procession to the field with his "cherumes." Offerings are made to Ganapathi. Invocations are made in moving terms to the gods of peace and plenty and a ceremonial plough is made by the master.

"Well begun is half done" and to begin well is atleast within our powers. When we think of the premature death of our pious new year resolutions, we have a temptation to observe everybody's New Year—Vishu and Dipali, Gudipadwa and Pongal.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

BERLIN, April 11: The Soviet authorities yesterday refused to re new sector passes for British and American technicians maintaining telephone cables in the Berlin area thus threatening a break in telephone and telegraph communications between the city and the British and the American zones respectively

* * *

According to a New Delhi report there is little prospect of a satisfactory settlement in regard to the Indo-Hyderabad situation and the recent visit to New Delhi of Sir Walter Monckton has left the situation as before.

Leaving also Sir Walter Monckton to continue as Constitutional Adviser. And, of course, Mr Kasim Razvi as unconstitutional adviser

* * *

Mr Mrinal Kanti Bose, President of the Bengal Provincial T.U.C. has sent a telegram to the Prime Minister expressing his "grave anxiety" at the condition of 20 persons arrested in connection with the strike of Central Government employees in Calcutta who had resorted to hunger-strike and are now in hospital.

We should have thought that Mr. Bose would have sent a telegram of grave anxiety, if not to himself, to the leaders of the strike movement. And that too long ago.

* * *

As it is Jawaharlal should certainly apologise to Mr. Mrinal Kanti Bose for Mr. Mrinal Kanti Bose's omission and the Central Government employees' leaders' commission

* * *

Mr. Eric Collet, correspondent of the London "Daily Telegraph" has been ordered to leave Czechoslovakia on the ground that "his continuation in Czechoslovak territory might be a threat to public peace, order and the safety of the State."

Mr. Collet needn't feel miserable over it. He should come straight to India where, like a number of zealous British colleagues already in action, he will be able to function in complete—er—freedom.

* * *

Chile has offered Santiago as the site for continuation of the Pan-American Conference which has been halted by the Colombian revolution.

Yes but what is the guarantee?

* * *

After a keen and thorough analysis of Czech developments, the U.S. House of Representatives Foreign Affairs Committee has achieved the conclusion that full integration of Czechoslovakia with other States under complete Communist domination "is the eventual meaning of the recent coup in Prague."

We are completely dazzled by this American light on the obvious

* * *

Senator Warren Austen has declared "emphatically" in the Security Council that "it is most unfair and unrealistic to put Italy on the same status as other ex-enemy states."

We quite agree. Fairness demands that Italy should be put on the same status as Greece and Ethiopia

Wasted Talent

Sir,—I have read with interest Hon. Dr. S. P. Mookerjee's statement on Government of India's policy on control of basic industries It has been recognised that to the development of industries, apart from capital, technical skill is the other desideratum.

It is an irony of fate that our country has not been able to make use of even the existing technical talent. Education Department presumably in consultation with other departments of Government of India selected several hundred candidates from amongst several thousand applicants and had them trained abroad in various fields. Selection of these candidates was on merit alone and these men and women represented the best products of our Universities. These people showed equally creditable records, whichever University or Institution they were assigned to whether in England or United States. They made use of every available opportunity to acquire factory experience outside the University and have in every way justified the trust placed in them as country's representatives

In a majority of cases these candidates either resigned from lucrative posts that they held before going abroad or sacrificed some of the privileges that they held in the hope that they will be able to do their share in the development of India of their dreams. Result, when they return back home they face unsympathetic Government and unresponsive industry saturated to the core with the idea of Get Rich Quick and no need for the technician In the meantime these men who have been here for several months seem to be nobody's responsibility. And what is worse they do not draw any subsistence allowance during the period of enforced idleness It wont be surprising if these men enter into wrong professions and a Scientific Man Power Committee of the future will note with regret The Colossal Wastage of Technical Knowledge' as the scientific men were not afforded an opportunity to enter into the right profession

Is the State has some responsibility to the industry by way of giving it protection and making available facilities for importing machinery and materials, industry has some obligations in return. The Government has to see to it that the know-how of industry that has been acquired at such a cost to the public exchequer is utilised to the best advantage The services of these men can be utilised either on a co-operative basis by the industry or for the laying down of plans for the development of new industries. Governments of China, Egypt, and other countries were also training their students abroad and in each individual case their departments back home saw to it that the knowledge and skill acquired is utilised to the fullest extent.

It is further also necessary that the Education Department continue to pay scholarships to these returned students till they are suitably absorbed or employed.

EMMARVI.

B. P. C. C. Demands

50 DELEGATES TO CONGRESS

BOMBAY, Monday.

A demand that Bombay City should be allotted a quota of 50 delegates to the Indian National Congress session is made in the report of the Constitution Sub-Committee appointed by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee to consider the draft of the Congress Constitution as adopted by the A.I.C.C. at its last meeting.

The report was placed for consideration before a meeting of the B.P.C.C. held under the presidentship of Mr. S. K. Patil at the Congress House this evening and was adopted for sending it to the A.I.C.C.

The report said that in view of the importance of this City, which has always been recognised by the Indian National Congress, the City should be allotted a quota of 50 delegates. When the quota for Bombay was fixed at 25, the population of the City was half of what it is estimated to be today. In that proportion an increase in the quota of delegates could not be deemed unreasonable.

The B.P.C.C. also considered the question of Primary Panchayats and approved the recommendations as contained in the report of the Constitution Sub-Committee.

3rd Danish Expedition To Central Asia

A new party of Danish scientists, Members of the 3rd Danish Expedition to Central Asia arrived in Bombay on Monday on s.s. 'Nicobar' directly from Copenhagen. The 4 Members of this party are: (1) Prof. Johannes Humlum—Oasco-geographer, (2) Dr. Mogens Koie, D.Sc. —Botanist, (3) Dr. (Mrs.) Asse Koie, D.Sc.—Botanist, and (4) Dr. Niels Haarlov, D.Sc.—Zoologist.

Their stay in Bombay will be short as the Danes will proceed on the s.s 'Shirala", sailing for Karachi on the 17th. From there, the expedition will proceed in jeeps, which they have brought with them from Denmark, through Pakistan, to Afghanistan where they will meet with the leader of the Expedition, Dr. Haslund-Christensen and the first party which came out from Denmark in December last year.

The advance party of the 3rd Danish Expedition to Central Asia is already spread out in the Afghanistan and Paamir area, with one party in Nuristan and on their way through Kurd Valley and another in Chitral, Eastern Afghanistan, whilst Dr Haslund-Christensen himself is working on ethnographic research in the area around Kabul.

A third party covering other aspects of science, will come out from Denmark and join the Expedition towards the end of this year and some time during 1949 the arrival of a cine-photographic section from Copenhagen is expected. The scientific staff of the Expedition which will by that time count 15 to 20, will then be complete. The Expedition is under the patronage of His Majesty The King of Denmark and is planned to last 6 years. It will cover the large area from Afghanistan, across Central Asia to Manchuria, where research is being made in respect of Zoology, Botany, Philology, Religion and Philosophy, Ethnography, Anthropology, Geography, etc.

LEWIS CALLS OFF COAL STRIKE

Five-word Telegram On Compromise Settlement Of Dispute

WASHINGTON, April 12, (UPA)

John L. Lewis dramatically called off the four-week-old soft coal strike 23 minutes before he and the Union were scheduled to face contempt charges in the Federal Court.

He gave his 400,000 miners the signal to return to work in a five-word telegram which advised them that their disputed pensions had been granted in a compromise settlement. Pensions granted agreement now honoured," Lewis wired the miners

PENSION ISSUE

Settlement of the pension issue—which touched off the coal strike March 15—was reached at an early morning conference of three trustees of the United Mineworkers Welfare Fund. It was reached by a 2-1 vote Lewis and Senator Styles Bridges the new "impartial third trustee, voted for the pension plan, Ezra Van Horn, representing the operators, voted against

The settlement provides a pension of dol. 100 per month for miners aged 62 or older with 20 years service and who retired after May 28, 1946

WILL THEY GO BACK?

Word from the coalfields said the miners probably will go back to work with the night shift late today. But some local union leaders said the miners would not go back, while Lewis and the Union faced contempt charges.

LEWIS' TRIAL ON WEDNESDAY

The Federal Court refused the plea of Lewis' lawyers to dismiss the contempt charges and ordered Lewis to stand his trial Wednesday.

Columbian Government Breaks With Moscow

No Diplomatic Relations: Communists Blamed For Friday's Revolution

WASHINGTON, April 12. (Reuter): The Colombian Government, blaming Communists for the revolution which swept the country on Friday, today broke diplomatic relations with Moscow, joining Chile and Brazil in the western hemisphere anti-Russian bloc

Bogota Radio, announcing the break and the arrest of a group of "foreign agents", also said that the 21-nation Pan-American conference, interrupted by the revolt would continue at Bogota, to show the world that "Communism would not triumph over Colombia and the rest of the nations of the hemisphere".

ARMED REBELS AT LARGE

The decision of pan-American conference delegates to continue at Bogota suggested that they feel the Government of President Mariano Ospina Perez has the situation under control, but delayed despatches sent yesterday, and received through Washington today, said that armed rebels were still openly walking the streets of Bogota.

These delayed despatches added that gunfire from rifles, machine-guns and one-pounders mounted on tanks, continued in the heart of the city, and that the popular liberal party, whose adherents largely formed the revolutionary groups in the capital had demanded the resignation of President Ospina Perez.

The Colombia Government today appealed to farmers to bring food into the starvation threatened capital, where the army up to now had been distributing milk and meat.

The farmers were assured of aircraft protection along the highways.

A delayed 'Reuter' despatch from Bogota said that there was no electric power, that the water supply was contaminated, that bodies were rotting in the streets.

PLANES FOR CONFERENCE DELEGATES

Planes were flown in to take some of the Pan-American conference delegates to Panama, although senior Officials of the nations, including Mr. George Marshall, United States Secretary of State, were staying on to get the western hemisphere unity talks restarted.

People moving in the streets today in greater number than at any time since Saturday, were searched by troops, and were forbidden to enter the area of the Capitolio where the conference is meeting.

A correspondents' pool despatch carried out by plane and sent from Panama put the death at about 500. 'Reuter's' correspondent in the city put the total damage from arson, wanton looting and wanton destruction at more than 10,000,000 dollars and said that a four-mile stretch of one of the city's main thoroughfares was blocked by the flames still licking out of masses of rubble.

SOVIET "AGENTS" ARRESTED

The diplomatic relations break followed on the Government announcement that two "Soviet agents" had been arrested, and that 13 unidentified foreign agents had been "caught" fomenting trouble.

Some of these, the Government Radio said, were taken alive.

The Government argument that the revolt was inspired by Communists seems today to rest on the assumption that neither Liberals nor the Conservatives would have killed Dr. Jorge Eleicer Gaitan, Opposition Liberal party leader, whose assassination on Friday touched off the whole show.

In Washington, officials held that there was no real proof of the Colombiah charges against Communism, but that there seemed to be considerable circumstantial evidence.

'Reuters' reported from Bogota that the Communist headquarters, opposite the Capitolio, was untouched amid the general wreckage.

ONE-HOUR GENERAL STRIKE IN ITALY

Communist Ambassador To Warsaw Sacked

ROME, April 12. (Reuter): Italy's pre-election week opened today with a one-hour general strike, generally regarded as a show of strength by the Communist-led General Confederation of Labour.

The stoppage was caused by the Confederation to protest against the alleged killings, in recent months, of 36 Sicilian Trade Unionists.

Essential public services were exempted.

..... GOVT. DENIAL .....

The Government has denied the Confederation's claim that 36 Sicilian labour leaders have been killed. Since Randolfo Pacciardi, said recently ten Trade Unionists on the Island have been killed and one kidnapped.

Distribution of a Trade Union manifesto on the strike was banned by Rome police.

COMMUNIST ENVOY SACKED

U. P. A. adds: Foreign Minister Count Carlo Sforza today sacked his communist Ambassador to Warsaw, Ambrogio Donini, for leaving Poland to campaign for the Italian communist party.

Sforza, announcing the action, pointed out that the cabinet has to approve the action.

NEW CABINET FOR SIAM

Non-Party Statesmen Hold Key Posts

BANGKOK, April 12. (Reuter): A new Siamese Cabinet led by Marshal Pibul Songgram took office today after an audience with the Regency Council. An Official announcement was expected tonight.

Non-party statesmen hold the key posts in the Cabinet of 25 which represents all major parties, but no supporter of Marshal Songgram's November coup d'etat is included.

The New Cabinet was expected to outline its policy in tonight's statement and to seek a vote of confidence from the Legislature on Thursday.

Weather News For Farmers

FORECAST: Local light showers South Desh, South Konkanpatti, Bombay and Hyderabad Karnatak and South Marathwada next one or two days. Otherdise dry weather in the Region next four days.

LOCAL WEATHER.

FORECAST TILL THE EVENING OF 13-4-1948: Fine weather. Cooler day.

Britain's timber shortage has necessitated great attention to detailed efficiency in the working of her own woodlands. Results of research are now available for export. A mobile mechanical saw, easily man-handled in rough country and able to be towed by an 8 h.p car is one development. Powered by an 8 h.p. petrol-vapourising oil, horizontally-opposed twin engine, the saw will function efficintly over a very great range of temperatures. The saw is of 30 ins. diameter, has an 8-ton cutting capacity in an 8 hour day, on three gallons ofvapourising oil. The saw manufactured by a London firm will be shown at the forthcoming British Industries Fair. Cutting pit props.

Martial Law Proclaimed In Iran's Caspian Seaboard

SEQUEL TO DISCOVERY OF COMMUNIST PLOT TO CREATE DISORDER

TEHERAN, April 12. (U. P. A.): Chief of Staff Marshal Ali Razmar said that martial law has been proclaimed in certain sectors of Iran's Caspian seaboard fellowing the discovery of a Communist plot to create disorder there.

In an interview Razmara explained that the Iranian Army had unearthed the Communist plot last week. Military law, he said, has been decreed in Sari Shahi and Chalus and will be extended to other centres, if needed, to preserve order.

He said no arrests have been made so far in connection with the Tudeh—the Iranian Communist group—plot.

He said Soviet fugitives continued to cross into Iran and that they were being dealt with "according to international law and Irano-Soviet agreements". He said the Iranian Army was doing its utmost not to provoke the Soviets in the border area.

GREEK MOVE TO FIGHT COMMUNISM

ISTANBUL, April 12. (U. P. A.): The newspaper, 'Vatan', said today that a Greek diplomat has gone to Syria to contact that Government on joining Arab lands with the aim of combatting communism.

ALLEGED COMMUNIST PLAN FOR THE RUHR

BERLIN, April 12. (U. P. A.): British Intelligence said today that they had no reason to doubt the authenticity of Protocol M., an alleged communist plan for the Ruhr. The Russian-controlled Berlin Radio claimed that an unnamed German has been arrested for forging the protocol.

ITALIAN MINISTER ACCUSES COMMUNISTS

ROME, April 12. (U.P.A.): Interior Minister Mario Scelba accused the Communists today of offering protection to Sicilian bandits if they voted for the Communist Front.

Between Marxism And "Laissez Faire"

A. A. KHAN ON POLICY AND PROGRAMME OF NEWLY FORMED "FOURTH PARTY"

Mr. A. A. Khan, Leader of the newly formed party in the Bombay Legislatures, in a statement regarding the policy and programme of the party, says:

Pursuant to the resolution of the Muslim League dated March 10, 1948, the Muslim members of the Bombay Legislatures have formed a party, the membership of which shall be open to all who are in substantial agreement with the policy and programme detailed below:—

This policy contemplates full opportunity for employment to all citizens of the Union on the basis that the Earth and all that it contains are a free gift of Providence to all mankind.

The Party shall recognize the institution of property but as a trust of which the owner thereof and his dependants shall be the first beneficiaries and the State the beneficiary of the remainder. All luxurious use, dissipation and waste by the first beneficiaries, resulting in the diminution or total loss of the remainder shall be forbidden by the State by legislation designed to restrict the use of property so as to level down all economical inequalities and the party shall bring forward such legislation for acceptance by the Legislatures.

It follows, therefore, that in the matter of wealth creation the Party seeks a 'via media' between the Marxian philosophy and that of 'laissez faire' as more suitable to the peculiar constitution of human nature.

It is the considered opinion of the Party that national planning and nationalization, though in their inception they possess a democratic and attractive character, to a society suffering from the evil effects of the free and unmoral use of capital, will in the long run lead to the gradual development of tendencies of a highly fascist character which may eventually dominate other aspects of life as well.

TOP PRIORITY TO AGRICULTURE

In the programme of the Party, top priority will be given to the improvement of agriculture. This is proposed to be achieved in two ways by mechanisation of agriculture and by major irrigation schemes for the construction of a chain of dams on the big rivers of the country. The latter project will require capital. The policy of the Party being that the nation is the beneficiary of all surplus property, it will advocate the diversion of all uninvested capital for investment in such projects and will urge upon the Provincial Governments not to wait for schemes of the Central Government to materialise, but to take up the development of irrigation schemes independently.

If need be the Party will assign second place to large-scale industries to make capital available for this purpose, and will press the claims of small-scale and cottage industries.

The Party is of the opinion that this will in no way slowdown the process of industrialisation and will make labour self-reliant. When the irrigation of each Province is fully developed the generation of electricity will enable small-scale and cottage industries to supply fully the needs of the country.

Construction of roads to connect villages with each other and the market towns, cattle-breeding, poultry and dairy farming and hand-loom industry will be further aids to the improvement of the agricultural condition.

CO-OPERATIVE FARMING

The highlights of the land policy of the Party are personal and co-operative, and not collective, cultivation. If the owner of the land contributes his own labour, he will receive both, land and labour dividends, when final distribution takes place. If he does not, he will be entitled to a small percentage of the land dividend, the rest going to the person who actually cultivates the land.

LIQUIDATION OF ILLITERACY

The liquidation of illiteracy in the shortest time possible will be the aim of the Party.

PRO-PROHIBITION

In general, the Party shall oppose all gaming and wagering and all specultive transactions, manufacture and sale of intoxicants and shall support the policy of prohibition. Immediate hospitalization in the rural area and free and periodical, medical and X'ray examination in schools and colleges will also be items in its policy.

In the matter of education the Party considers the present system as highly defective and will urge its thorough overhaul by experts, who shall consider the question of women's education independently and from the point of view of the part which the women of the country will have to play as good wives and efficient mothers and not as raw material for cheaper clerical service.

CALCUTTA, April 12. (A. P. I.): The Irrigation Minister of West Bengal, Shri Bhupati Majumder, is expected to visit Mysore in the last week of this month to make a first hand study of the dams in that State and to get ideas for constructing such dams under the Damodar Valley Project for planned health and pleasure resort.

Plans For Re-organisation Of Pakistan Muslim League

Discussion At Committee Meeting In Dacca: Constitution To Provide For Goodwill Between Two Dominions

DACCA, April 11. (A.P.I.): Plans for the re-organisation of the Pakistan Muslim League in the light of its new obligations were discussed at a meeting of the East Pakistan Re-organisation Committee in Dacca today. Chaudhry Khaliquzzaman attended the meeting.

Choudhry Khaliquzzaman is leaving tomorrow morning for Sylhet, where he will stay for two days. He will return to Dacca on Wednesday and leave for Mymensingh the next day. Both at Sylhet and Mymensingh he will address public meetings.

KHALIQUZZAMAN ON ANTIDOTE FOR COMMUNISM

The only effective antidote to the challenge of Communism was the 1,300 year old bulwark of Islamic socialism, said Choudhry Khaliquzzaman, the Muslim League leader who is at preseht in East Pakistan to help organise the League.

Choudhry Khaliquzzaman who was addressing a public meeting said it was wrong to think that after the establishment of Pakistan there was no further need for an organisation of a denominational character.

The answer to Communism was Islamic socialism, because it was the "only system in which the causes that created disaffection among the people could be elimnated".

CARRYING OUT CONCEPTS OF ISLAM

Choudhry Khaliquzzaman said that the Pakistan Muslim League should serve as an effective instrument for carrying out the concepts of Islam in the social and economic fields.

FOR INDO-PAKISTAN GOODWILL

Speaking of the relations between Pakistan and India, Choudhry Khaliquzzaman said that the constitution of the Pakistan Muslim League would provide for an active policy of friendliness and goodwill between the two Dominions.

The Muslim League's attitude to foreign relations would also include support to the cause of Muslims in Morocco, Palestine, Syria and neighbouring countries.

Mysore Hotels To Be Nationalised

BANGALORE, April 12 (API).—Hotels in Mysore State are to be nationalised. There are about 1,000 hotels in the State and Government statistics are that their nationalisation would bring in a revenue of about thirty lakhs of rupees annually.

SOVIET ACTION IN AUSTRIA

Berlin Travel Restrictions Extended: Talks With Britain

VIENNA, April 12, (Reuter): High level talks between the British and Russian occupation powers in Austria were awaited here today as the Soviet authorities extended travel restrictions markedly similar to those imposed recently in Berlin.

Lieutenant-General Alexander Galloway, British High Commissioner in Austria, cancelled a tour of the zone to return to Vienna for talks with the Russians.

The Russians are demanding further proofs of identity in addition to the four-power pass which had formerly been accepted.

No British military personnel have been able to pass through the 93-mile-long corridor since midday yesterday.

The British must not only use four-power pass should be shown.

A British military train travelling from Vienna to the British zone was delaying four hours last night. Another was delayed for an hour.

General Galloway's special train, taking him back to Vienna for the talks, was not stopped.

Clementina Walkinshaw (Judy Campbell) tries to persuade Prince Charles (David Niven) to leave Scotland and to go to France taking her with him. A scene from the London Film's technicolor production "Bonnie Prince Charlie" directed by Anthony Kimmins at Shepperton, starring David Niven with Margaret Leighton, Judy Campbell, Jack Hawkins and Hector Ross.

BIRTH OF HIRAKUD DAM

Nehru Performs Foundation Laying

SAMBALPUR, April 12, (API): The Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru today performed the foundation concrete laying ceremony of the Hirakud dam.

The project is estimated to cost Rupees 47.81 crores and to be completed in six years.

The project will completely submerge many villages in the area under its reservoir but the notable feature of today's concrete laying ceremony was the complete absence of opposition to the dam's construction from any of the villagers.

The ceremony was performed on the island and in addition to the invitees a large number of villagers gathered to hear Pandit Nehru.

He told the villagers "If you are to suffer, you should suffer in the interest of the country".

IN TOUCH WITH VILLAGERS

While going and returning to the Hirakud island Pandit Nehru went by a route which enabled him to touch several villages whose homes are to be submerged and the local population gave him a rousing reception.

Sri A. N. Khosla, Chairman, Central Waterpower, Irrigation and Navigation Commission in the course of his address of welcome said: "We are spending to the tune of rupees one hundred crores a year in importing food grains. We are forced by necessity to do so. We can produce all the food and more and we can do so fairly quickly. We have vast areas of uncultivated land, we have unlimited resources in water and we have tremendous waterpower potential spread over the entire length and breadth of India. We must begin from now on to harness these immense resources which bountiful nature has given us in the interest of self-sufficiency.

Requesting Pandit Nehru to perform the foundation concrete laying ceremony of the project, Sri Harekrishna Mahatab, Premier of Orissa, said that they had talked of great many things and dreamt of much more. Now they would have the satisfaction of seeing some concrete things done during their life time and through their efforts.

BOMBAY, Monday.

UNITED STATE OF MALWA IN OFFING

Sardar And Gwalior Agree On Original Scheme

INDORE, April 12, (A. P. I.): The United State of Malwa will be born in the next 30 days, the States Minister Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and the Maharaja of Gwalior having agreed to the original scheme of the Union, it was learnt today.

The new State will comprise 22 Central India States including Indore, Gwalior, Dewas Senior and Junior and Dhar. It will have a population of about 80 lakhs, with a revenue of over ten crores.

Mr. V. S. Khode, Premier of Indore State, and Pandit Liladhar Joshi, Premier of Gwalior, will meet the Secretary of the Ministry of States, Mr. V. P. Menon in New Delhi on April 17, when they will discuss matters relating to the new State.

A toy that is both constructional and educational will be on show at the 1948 British Industries Fair. It is a simple and inexpensive box of plans, wooden moulds and the necessary tools which will enable any boy or girl, from the age of nine upwards, to build exact reproduction of all types of ancient and modern buildings. The wooden moulds are filled with a cement-type mixture which sets solidly in fifteen minutes. Plans with the sets marketed by the manufacturers include Monkwearmouth Church, which was built in A.D. 665, Monnow Bridge, Tennessee Valley Dam, the Eddystone Lighthouse and the Tower of London, among others. While this boy plays with a simple and inexpensive toy he is rapidly learning the fundamentals of modern and ancient architecture.

British Aid Post On Autobahn To Be Withdrawn

Military Governor Accedes To Russian Request

BERLIN, April 12 (Reuter).—Maj.-Gen. N. C. D. Brownjohn, British Deputy Military Governor, today agreed to the Russian request to withdraw the British automobile aid post on the Berlin Helmstedt autobahn.

SUSPENSION OF MILITARY FREIGHT

BERLIN, April 12 (Reuter).—Movement of British military freight from Berlin to the British zone of Germany was today suspended indefinitely, it was reliably learned tonight.

The suspension followed more new Soviet rail restrictions. Since Soviet travel restrictions were enforced on April 1, British military freight had been despatched in freight cars attached to German passenger trains which have not been subject to so many delays, but the Russians have now objected to this.

As a result the regular trains for the British zone left Berlin today without any freight cars.

SURPRISE FIND IN GUJERAT MAIL

SURAT, April 12 (API).—The arrest of a young man hidden in the battery box beneath the first and second class bogie in the Gujarat Mail bound for Ahmedabad last night is believed to have put the detective branch of the B.B. and C.I. Railway police on the track of a gang of "daring railway robbers."

For some time now, thefts have been reported of valuable articles of first and second class passengers. The police were maintaining vigilance.

Yesterday they searched all the trains bound for Ahmedabad including the battery boxes, before the trains left Bombay Central. When the Gujarat Mail arrived at Surat last night, detectives searched the batteryboxes and found one Mahmud Yusoof hidden here. He was arrested and articles found with him were later identified as those of a second class passenger in the train, apparently unaware till then of the theft.

Mahmud Yusoof is about 22 and is an ex-military man. He told the police he had come to Bombay from Calcutta recently.

COLOUR BAR IN LONDON HOTEL

No Meal Served To University Lecturer

LONDON, April 12 (Reuter).—Food Minister, Mr. John Strachey said today that he took a "particularly grave view indeed" of an incident of racial discrimination in which a London restaurant refused to serve a meal to an unnamed coloured man, described as 'an extremely distinguished lecturer of London University, well-known in his own part of Africa."

He said he had already told Parliament that he considered that the interests of the British Commonwealth were most seriously injured by an example of racial discrimination such as this appeared to have been.

"I am investigating the incident and will take appropriate action", he said.

NEWS IN BRIEF

KARACHI, April 12, (A. P. I.): The Prime Minister of Pakistan, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan has today appealed to Central Government employees on strike in Eastern Pakistan to report back to work immediately.

BOMBAY, April 12, (U. P. I.): It is understood that difficulties in the way of issuing export permits of cloth to Pakistan have now been surmounted, and the Government of India, in the Commerce Department, will issue the permits on receiving applications from exporters.

PARIS, April 12, (Reuter): Eighteen people were arrested at Geryville, Algeria, during the week-end "for having committed acts liable to endanger French sovereignty", the French Press agency reported today.

AHMEDABAD, April 12, (A. P. I.): The strike of the municipal primary school teachers will complete one month on 15th April. On that date they will take out a procession in which their pupils will also take part.

KARACHI, April 12, (API): The Prime Minister of Pakistan, Mr. Liaqat Ali Khan, in a statement said today that the West Punjab Premier would continue to serve on the Pakistan-West Punjab Refugee Council and whatever misunderstanding there may have been had been removed.

SIMLA, April 12, (A. P. I.): The East Punjab Government have after long consideration decided to absorb all such Government servants who had provisionally opted for West Punjab but later due to impossible conditions there returned.

JUBBULPPORE, April 12, (API): The Jubbulpore journalists, who met here yesterday, have decided to hold the first session of the newly formed Mahakoshal Journalists Association at Jubbulpore during the first week of July.

DAMASCUS, VIA BEIRUT, April 12, (U. P. A.): Several thousand students demonstrated today shouting demands for the Government to send an army to Palestine.

GOLD CONFISCATED AT RAJKOT

(From Our Correspondent.)

RAJKOT, April 12: Gold worth Rs. 75,000 was today confiscated at the Rajkot junction. It is believed that the gold was being smuggled from Bagdad or Busra. Two persons are reported to have been arrested in this connection.

SIMLA, April 12, (A. P. I.): The Punjab Government has decided to immediately lease out evacuee land which are situated within municipal limits for the production of vegetables.

R

UPTILL NOW K(H) cards (non-lighting) for Kerosene were issued to persons combining five foodgrains units. It has now been decided to issue K(H) cards (non-lighting) also to persons combining less than five foodgrains units. Applications for obtaining oil on less than five foodgrains units, should be submitted in 'N' form at the Ward Rationing Office concerned.

A person possessing two foodgrains units will get a K(H) card of one kerosene unit against which he will draw kerosene oil once in three months, a person holding three food grains units will be given a K(H) card of one kerosene unit against which he will get Kerosene Oil once in two months and a person, who gets a K(H) card of one Kerosene unit against four foodgrains units will be entitled to draw Kerosene Oil for four times in five months.

Those who have a K(H) card of one Kerosene unit against five foodgrains units will be entitled to draw as usual their Kerosene quota every month.

Irgun's Butchery Of Arab Women & Children

Issue To Be Raised Before United Nations

JERUSALEM, April 12 (Reuter) : The Jewish Agency last night joined with the Arabs in condemning the Irgun Zvai Leumi terrorist massacre of 200 Arab men, women and children in the village of Deir Yassein near Jerusalem, Friday.

The Palestine Arab Higher Committee described the village as "Palestine's Lidice" and condemned "British official indifference" to the massacre. It announced that the matter would be brought before the United Nations.

Quoting the Jerusalem International Red Cross official who was permitted by Irgun to see the village yesterday morning, Doctor Hassan Khalid, Secretary of the Higher Committee, described the scene as "horrible".

Doctor Khalid said that when Doctor Renyier went to the village he was informed by Irgun men that 150 bodies had been dumped in the well. About forty to fifty bodies lay sprawled through the village.

In a counter blast to the official Arab condemnation, the Jewish Agency statement accused Arabs of the murder of Jewish civilians, of killing wounded and mutilating the dead. No condemnation of these acts had come from Arab leadership, it said.

"These facts cannot excuse the Commission of such brutalities by the Jews," the Jewish Agency statement continued. "They are repugnant to the spirit of the Jewish community and Haganah will always adhere to the rules laid down by the Geneva convention which the Jewish Agency unreservedly accepts."

Eleven Egyptians were reported killed and five wounded in an attack on Kfar Darom, only Jewish settlement on the coastal plain South of Gaza, police reported last night.

BRITISH SOLDIER KILLED

Fighting ceased when the officers commanding British troops in the area called for a truce, the report added. No Jewish casualties were reported.

A party of armed Jews shot and killed a British soldier in a Coffee House at Rehovoth, south of Tel Aviv, Jewish sources reported. Two other soldiers sitting with him escaped. The Jews seized their three sten guns and escaped.

Jewish snipers shot and wounded the Assistant-Lebanese Consul in Jerusalem, John Hazzu, it was officially reported. He was hit in the leg and hand, but was not seriously hurt.

Several thousand Iraki fighters of the "Arab Liberation Army" led by Fawzi Beyelkaukji were reported to have attacked the northern Palestine Jewish settlement of Mishmar Haeemek at dawn yesterday.

ARAB VILLAGE BLAZING

Haganah radio reported last night that one British and one Iraqi officer were killed when Haganah forces completed the destruction of the Arab village of Caluna, near Mount Castel.

The raiding forces unearthed five cases of T.N.T. explosive and a quantity of arms and ammunition. The village was now blazing, the report added.

There was no official confirmation of this, or of a report that General Ismail Safwat Pasha Inspector General of the Arab 'Liberation Army and formerly Syrian Defence Minister, arrived in Palestine.

The General was reported to have crossed the north Palestine frontier with a strong escort.

"Times" On Palestine Issue

LONDON, (By Cable)

Commenting on the Palestine issue, 'The Times' writes:

"The U. S. Government were well advised not to make United Nations trusteeship over Palestine a part of their formal proposals to the Security Council. Neither Jews nor Arabs like the idea and their objections might have prejudiced the chances of a truce.

"As it is, the Assembly can examine the whole problem afresh. Its members must know by this time that a settlement to be effective must command the support of both sides. Only six weeks of British administration remain and the immediate task of the Assembly is to create some authority to which Britain can hand over her responsibility on May 15.

"While this authority will need the support of non-Palestinian force, it should act irrespective of the form the final settlement may take, so that the Jews and Arabs can accept it."

HYDERABAD, (Dn) April 9 (API): Copies of "Hindustan Times", Delhi, and 'Viswamitra' a Hindi daily of Bombay, were seized by the police on arrival by air in Hyderabad on Wednesday.

More Food Secured For Bombay

Each District To Have Reserve Of 500 Tons

SURAT, April 11, (A. P. I.): The Government of Bombay have secured an additional quota of 20,000 tons of foodgrains from the Centre over and above the 50,000 tons already promised by the Centre it is learnt. The Government, it is further learnt, intend to send 500 tons of rice and wheat to every district as reserves to combat any undue increase in prices.

Following the announcement of the Food Minister of Bombay at Bulsar that Government may reintroduce control if the merchants and producers did not keep the prices at a reasonable level, there was apparently a tendency to hoard and the prices all over Gujarat showed a considerable rise. During the last three weeks prices rose till rice (kolam) sold at Rs. 25 per Surti maund and wheat at 12 to 20 last week. The release of maccal for sale though a number of shops and the announcement by the Food Minister that fair price shops will be opened to combat the rising prices of wheat and rice, has had a good effect. Prices of jowar and millets have come own during the past two days while wheat has also registered a lower price. Authorities state that the offtake of maccai has been very high.

19 Lahore Mint Workers Arrested

LAHORE, April 11 (A.P.I): Nineteen workers of the Lahore mint were arrested by the Moghalpura police yesterday following a protest strike against the dismissal of some workers for breaking a table. The arrested workers were released on bail today. Police sources stated that the workers during the strike had damaged the mint machinery and insulted the Mint Master and other officials.

MADRAS SWEEPERS ON STRIKE

MADRAS, April 12, (A.P.I.): Three thousand workers of the Conservancy and Sewage and Drainage Maintenance Departments of the Corporation of Madras struck work today demanding increased wages, dearness allowance and better service conditions.

The city health authorities are, however, carrying on the conservancy work with some five hundred loyal workers and an equal number of men temporarily recruited from nearby villages.

The strikers are peaceful and no incident has been reported so far.

Congress Committee Of Himachal Pradesh

SIMLA, April 12 (A.P.I.)—The first provisional Congress Committee of the Himachal Pradesh has been constituted with the object of aiding and helping in the development and achievement of full autonomy for the Himachal Pradesh which comes into being as a centrally administered area after April 15.

At a representative gathering of Prajamandal workers from different states in Simla Hills it was unanimously decided to issue directives to all Prajamandals of all States constituting and likely to constitute Himachal Pradesh to transform their Prajamandals into local Congress committees and affiliate themselves to a body to be called the Central Provisional Congress Committee of the Himachal Pradesh.

Each Congress Committee can send at least one delegate to the centre but those committees whose members exceeds five hundred can send one more delegate. The central body will be known as the Himachal Pradesh Congress Committee.

Woman Bites Crocodile

BULAWAYO (Reuter): A Native woman, who was seized by a crocodile in a small stream in the Shanghai Reserve recently forced the man-eater to release its hold by biting a piece out of its snout.

The woman, with a number of other women, was crossing a shallow tributary to the Shanghai River when she was seized by the leg by a crocodile. The other women bolted in terror, but the victim attempted to fend off the attack by using her hands.

The crocodile then seized her hand out the frantic woman bit it on the snout and actually tore out a bit of flesh to make the crocodile abandon its attack.

With injuries to her leg and hands the woman is now in a Native Department clinic and is expected to make a good recovery.

Planes May Fly 100 Miles Above The Earth

NEW YORK, (Reuter): Two aviation experts have found a way of cooling a plane's nose by heating its tail. This, they say, will go a long way to enabling men to fly 100 miles above the earth, and planes flying at that neight would have the same trouble.

In the very thin upper air, planes would travel at incredible speeds—up to 13,000 miles an hour. At high speeds the molecules in the air would hit the nose of the plane but would miss the tail entirely, making it cold.

So the aviation experts, Jackson Stalder and David Jukoff, have designed a plane that would have a very broad tail, like the stern of a boat. This tail, they claim, would get cold enough to stop the nose from melting.

The cooling would be done by metal strips that would let the nose heat run back to the tail.

One problem yet to be solved is how to get the plane through the layers of extremely hot air at altitudes from 20 to 40 miles.

NOVEL SCHEME FOR ISSUE OF PETROL COUPONS

Rationing Authorities Plan To Afford Better Facilities

BOMBAY, Monday.

Anticipating a feverish excitement and rush following the proposed cut in the basic petrol rations to motor vehicles in Bombay, the Area Rationing Authority has chalked out a novel scheme for distribution of basic and supplementary rations for the forthcoming quarter commencing from May 1.

To avoid congestion and rush hitherto experienced at the shamiana erected at the office of the Motor Vehicles department and the W.I.A.A. office at Churchgate street, the Area Rationing Authority will henceforward issue rations to vehicles on days specified for the horse-power of a particular vehicle. There are about 18,000 cars and 10,000 transport vehicles of horse-powers ranging from 1 to 38 expected to rush at one and the same time to avail themselves of the petrol quota according to the old procedure adopted in distribution of rations.

However from the next quarter the simultaneous rush scramble of car-owners of different specifications will not be allowed at one and the same moment. While hitherto a majority of car-owners had to return empty-handed after wasting four to five hours of their time in the long-winded queues, it also meant a strain on the inadequate staff. It would be interesting at this stage to note that there has been no distinct increase in the clerical staff appointed for the purpose of distributing petrol coupons, since the introduction of the scheme in January 1942. While in 1942, a staff of 20 clerks had to meet the demands of nearly 14,000 cars and trucks, the same staff will now have to issue coupons to the ever increasing vehicle registrations of more than 28,000.

With a view to expediting a speedy distribution of petrol coupons without causing at the same moment undue strain on the present staff the Area Rationing Authority hopes to clear the work of distribution to 28,000 vehicles within the space of ten days. Between April 19 and 28 almost everyone of the car-owners will have got his rations by turn according to the category of the vehicle. Since petrol coupons for a particular category of car will be of the same unit for all applicants entertained on a specific day, the clerk at the counter will have things cut easy in disposing of the cases in a few minutes. At least one thousand car-owners will have got their basic rations in a working day of four hours between 10 a.m. and 2 p.m. Supplementary rations will hereafter be issued on the spot on presentation of applications on days specifically allotted according to the registration of the car.

The scheme which has been approved by the secretary of the Western nndia Automobile Association and the Provincial Rationing Authority will come into operation from May 1. The Authorities are launching the scheme as a piece of experiment and co-operation from the public alone can relieve much of the congestion now being experienced in the process of getting one's petrol coupons. In future none will have to waste time at the queue without prospects of getting their coupons, and the new scheme assures almost everyone of Bombay's car-owners of their due share on a particular day of the month. This will also help the authorities in keeping an eye on duplicate issues of coupons to the same party and other discrepancies.

Italian Government Says Armed Forces Ready To Meet Any Situation

ROME, April 9 (U.P.A.) : The government said tonight that Italy's most critical days would come immediately after the April 18 national election, but it said that the armed forces were ready, even with the airborne transport of troops and police, to meet any situation.

Vice-Premier Randolfo Pacciardi, chief of the Cabinet's Public Order Commission, held a special conference to assure the nation that Italy's election would be free and peaceful.

"Every measure has been taken to guarantee the freedom of voting and of public order, before and during the election, and also in the period which will be more critical, after the election," he said.

Pacciardi said he felt that the present tension in Italy was no greater than that in the pre-election period of June, 1946. He added that "the situation of public order has improved considerably in the past four months, despite the understandable excitement of such an electoral struggle which will decide the future of our country."

Royal "Seeing Eye" Dog

CAPETOWN, (Reuter): Capetown is showing far more interest in Nell the "seeing eye" dog, who arrived in the Durban Castle with her blind owner ex-Sergeant Dan Pieter Pretorius, of the S. A. Tank Corps, than in the millionaires and members of the British peerage who arrived in the same ship.

Pretorius was blinded seven years ago at Gondar in Abyssinia.

Princess Elizabeth bought Nell out of the money given to her as a wedding present and presented the dog personally to Danie Pretorius.

"Nell is a three-year-old Alsatian who has worked with Pretorius for three months—one month less than the theoretical period for a "seeing eye' dog to train.

She steps into her harness and obeys only her master.

"She is friendly with everybody whom I can trust,' Pretorius said. "When her harness is on, she is on duty and nothing that you or anybody else, or even I can say or do will stop her from doing her full duty. She's a good soldier."

World State Key To Peace

American-Soviet Talks Urged

PRINCETON (New Jersey) April 12 (Reuter): The American Emergency Committee of atomic scientists, headed by Doctor Albert Einstein, issued a statement here last night urging American-Soviet talks "at the highest government levels."

There were no serious negotiations going on anywhere in the world today between the two powers it declared and this was dangerous to peace.

Advocating world government as the key to peace, the committee said: "With the collapse of the United Nations Atomic Emergy Commission discussions or international control, one of the most fateful events in history has passed almost unnoticed."

SHINWELL'S CALL TO BRITONS

Urges Better Understanding With Russia

BRADFORD (YORKSHIRE), April 10, (Reuter): Mr. Emmanuel Shinwell, Britain's War Minister, today described the United Nations Organisation as "rigid hidebound and inhibited by a set of regulations and rules that will never induce peace".

Addressing a Labour Party meeting, the Minister of War declared: "The worst thing that we in Britain can do is to regard the people of Soviet Russia as our enemies. We may not understand all that the Russian people do and they obviously do not understand us.

"We on our side have no desire to put the Russians at an arms length. Let the leaders of Russia be a little more foresighted than they are, so that we, the leaders of this country, can understand what they mean".

Irano-Indian Relations

By Yousof Mazandi

TEHERAN, (By Mail.)

A sumptuous reception was held this afternoon at the Iranian Ministry of Foreign Affairs Palace in honour of India's first Ambassador to Iran Mr. Syed Ali Zaheer. At this luncheon reception, the Iranian Prime Minister and the Minister of Foreign Affairs and other members of the cabinet including many members of the foreign diplomatic corps, were present.

Towards the end of the reception, Mr. Moosa Nouri-Esfandiari, Iranian Minister for Foreign Affairs, addressed the Indian Ambassador with the following words:

"It gives me the greatest happiness to see India's first Ambassador—the ambassador of a country which from very ancient times has had the closest and most friendly relations with Iran. I do not find it necessary to stress here the close cultural and moral links this is been in existence for so many centuries between our respective countries, as this is self-evident. What has given me special cause for happiness is a passage written by your renowned Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in his "Discovery of India", where he refers to the amicable relations between Iran and India. Pandit Nehru states: 'There hardly exist two nations like Iran and India who are of one origin and have safeguarded the closest bonds between one another all through their long history' Fortunately both our nations have demonstrated the truth in these words. Iranians showed great interest and appreciation during the visit of Professor Rabindranath Tagore to this country, and the people of India availed themselves of their friendly sentiments towards Iran during the visit of the Persian Cultural Mission to India. I sincerely trust that the services rendered by our respective countries in the field of world civilization will continue in the atmosphere of universal peace and security.

In the sincere hope that Your Excellency will succeed in establishing further closer bonds between our countries, I drink to the toast of the people of India and His Excellency Pandit Nehru."

Taking up his glass, Mr. Zahar replied: "Your Excellencies the Prime Minister and Minister of Foreign Affairs It is my privilege to reply to the toast proposed by His Excellency the Minister of Foreign Aafairs. As His Excellency the Foreign Minister has mentioned, the ancient relations between our two countries go back to the dawn of History. Our friendly relations have stood the test of centuries and I am happy to inform Your Excellencies that now that my country is again independent and we are a free nation, we want to revive our friendly contacts once more. The passage which you have quoted in your speech from the book of our great Prime Minister expresses the sentiment which is not only contained in his book but is shared by a vast section of the people of India. The people of India feel that they are one with the people of Iran and that it is a mere accident that one branch is living in Iran and another in India today. It shall be my endeavour during the time that I serve my country here to strengthen and develop ties of friendship and cultural relations between our two countries. With these words I propose the toast of His Imperial Majesty the Shahinshah and the people of Iran."

WATCHMAN FATALLY KNOCKED DOWN

BOMBAY, Monday.

Mougalkhan Zahur Mohamedkhan, a Pathan watchman of the Navjivan Oil Mills at Sankli Street Byculla, who was going along the Ripon Road on a cycle this afternoon, was knocked down by a motor lorry. He was seriously injured and while being removed to the Nair Hospital died on the way.

The driver, after the accident it is stated, did not stop his lorry and made good his escape. The Agripada police are making enquiries.

Russian Agents Arrested In Columbia

MARTIAL LAW PROCLAIMED; ARMY TAKES OVER DISTRIBUTION OF FOOD

BOGOTA, April 12 (Reuter) : Every effort will be made to keep the Bogota Pan-American conference alive, a spokesman of the Pan-American Union told correspondents here today.

Sporadic fighting grew in intensity yesterday. Rifle and machine gun fire and the occasional thud of a one-pounder and tank gun echoed through the narrow streets. A sharp tussle was reported in front of the United States Embassy.

From Washington it was reported that the Colombian Government radio announced last night that two "Russian agents" were among a number of foreigners arrested since the revolutionary movement began.

The State Department announced that it planned to take "a limited number" of American citizens out of Bogota. Reports that the entire delegation would be evacuated were not confirmed.

SHOOT ON SIGHT

Colombia's new coalition Government has placed the entire country under martial law and the army has announced that it will shoot on sight anyone seen sacking or looting.

The army has taken over the distribution of all meat and milk, and the people are warned to stay indoors and keep doors and windows closed.

The law came twelve hours after the Coalition Government declared a state of siege last night.

Public services had not reappeared and the general strike declared on Friday was still in effect.

The food shortage facing the city forced delegates to the Twenty-one Nation Pan-American Conference to consider plans for early evacuation of hundreds of conference personnel.

This predominantly Catholic city with the many historic churches now burned was without any public masses today. An occasional church bell rang in contrast to the usual din of daily peals.

Already the Government is alleging that the whole outbreak was Communist-inspired.

The identity of the assassin of Jordge Gaitain whose action touched off the whole series of events is not known.

In many quarters it is argued that the Conservatives would never have done such a deed knowing what the consequences would be.

The speed with which the trouble gathered force in an organised way with Government centres and utilities attacked and rebellion exhortations issued from captured radio stations all indicated a premeditated plan aimed at wrecking the Pan American conference and its work of cementing the peace and solidarity of the western hemisphere.

The fact, however, that a new meeting has been called for Tuesday where every attempt will certainly be made to illustrate American unity indicated that the plan, if such it was, may have partly failed.

EVE ENTERS CO-OPERATIVE MOVEMENT

(Continued from Page 1)

India United Mills Ltd. at Parel today.

The Director of the Mill, Mr. R. S. Khaitan and the Chief Labour Welfare Officer, Mr. Kanji Dwarkadas showed the Health Minister round the Children's creche, the industrial health museum, the dispensary and the sports club where the health and other social needs of the workers are looked after.

Earlier, the Health Minister visited the Central Office in Bombay of the All-India Women's Conference of which she is a member-patron. She was received by Mrs. Avabai Wadia and other office-bearers with whom she had a general chat about the work of the Conference.

She is leaving tomorrow morning by air for New Delhi.

PROMOTE CO-OPERATIVE FARMING

Bombay Conference Urges Government To Support

BOMBAY, Monday:

Introduction of Co-operative Farming on an extensive scale was urged by the 19th Bombay Provincial Co-operative Conference at its open session this morning at the Council Hall under the presidentship of Sir V T Krishnamachari, Dewan of Jaipur.

Emphasising that Co-operative farming was a decidedly better method of cultivation than cultivation of small and scattered holdings by individuals the Conference recommended the following measures to be adopted:

1. Government should maintain specialised staff to survey local conditions, prepare schemes of co-operative farming and assist the people in implementing them.

2. Government should declare the nature and extent of facilities and concessions by way of loans, subsidies and other financial assistance which will be made available for such undertakings.

3. Every effort should be made in the plan to guarantee a minimum income to a member by providing wherever necessary employment in subsidiary industries.

4. Government should provide adequate and qualified staff for the administration and supervision of co-operative farming societies.

The Conference expressed the opinion that the best way to develop co-operative farming was through the spread of the multipurpose ideal in Co-operation which will provide the necessary background and the requisite training.

The resolution embodying these points was moved by Sir Ratilal Nanavati. Messrs. A. P. Kulkarni and D. B. Khandekar spoke in support of the resolution.

OTHER RESOLUTIONS

Other important proposals made by the Conference through a number of resolutions were : 1. With a view to relieve congestion in urban areas of the Province Government should encourage early construction of sanitary residential buildings specially by Co-operative Housing Societies. The scope of the Housing Board of the Government of Bombay and its Advisory Committee should be enlarged and Boards be formed for each district to help and advice Co-operative Societies intending to construct sanitary dwellings in urban areas.

2. "Since the urban Immovable Property Tax operates as a heavy burden on tenant Co-partnership Housing Societies. Government should levy the tax at half the rates and grant total exemption from payment of the tax for ten years in respect of buildings constructed by Co-partnership Societies during and after the year 1948.

3. Co-operative Movement should be effectively represented in the Central and Provincial legislatures. Government to take steps in the matter.

4. Government should make an exhaustive enquiry into the present conditions of the stores movement.

U. S. Interference In Italy Condemned

American Third Party's Anti-War Resolution

CHICAGO, April 12 (Reuter) The "National Wallace-for-President Committee" today decided on a "third party" national founding convention to be held in Philadelphia in July.

The convention expected to nominate Mr. Henry Wallace for the presidentship and Senator Glen Taylor (Democrat, Idaho) for the Vice-Presidentship. It will also choose a name for the new independent party.

Four hundred delefates to the "third party" conference here today adopted an anti-war resolution and called for "the establishment of a trully representative democratic Italian Government mondemning the efforts of the Government to interfere in the Italian elections and to dictate their outcome.

VILLAGE INDUSTRIES EXHIBITION AT KHAR

(From Our Correspondent)

VILLE PARLE, April 12.

In opening the Village Industries Exhibition organised jointly by the Khar Congress Committee and the Mahila Parishad at Lunganagar Hall, Khar on Saturday evening, Mr. Vaikunt L. Mehta said that Gramodyoga (village industries) was the only non-violent weapon in their armour with which they could co-operate with one another to make India great and prosperous. The speaker appealed to his audience to give preference to hand-made articles turned out by their village artisans to factory-made foreign materials which were being dumped in the market.

The Prime Minister Mr. B. G. Kher who was also present, praised the high quality of the articles displayed in the several stalls of the Exhibition and stressed the need of such enterprises especially during the National Week every year.

REFUGEES FROM SIND

BOMBAY, Monday

A meeting of Congress workers and other social workers of Sind was convened by Mr. S. J. Uttamsingh last Sunday in the premises of the Bombay Sindhi Association Mr. C. T. Valecha presided.

Prominent workers like Dr. Vatanmul, Prof. Chetumu, Dr Gokindram Punjab, M. L. A., R. S. Manganmal, Mr. Parmanand Sughomal and others present. It was decided that the Sindhi Association should move in the direction of energising all the various Panchayats, Seva Samitis and Associations of Sindhis in Bombay with a view that in every part of the City organisation should be put up help Sindhis to get shelter and employment, and to cultivate public opinion whereby the great public of Bombay may be moved to extend their help to Sindhi refugees and also to put concrete suggestions before the Bombay Government for helping Sindhis.

Dr Provincial Congress Committee, Sind Provincial Congress Committee, has convened a Conference of Representatives of Sindhis residing in Bombay Presidency Madras Presidency and Central Provinces at Bombay before the A. I. C. C. Session.

QUITS FORWARD BLOC

PATNA, April 12 (U.P.I.) Mr. Mathura Prasad Mishra Secretary, All-India Forward Bloc has submitted his resignation from the Secretaryship of the Bloc as also from the primary membership of the Party, to its President Sardar Sardul Singh Caveeshar.

The Conference will reassemole tomorrow.

'At Home'

The Chairman and Board of Directors of the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank Ltd were 'At Home' to the President and delegates of the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Conference at a tea party at the Radio Club in the evening.

Among those present were H. E. Raja Sir Maharaj Singh, Governor and Lady Maharaj Singh Rajkumari Amrit Kaur Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister, Mr. Morarji Desai and Mr. V. L. Mehta.

TRI-ZONAL WESTERN GERMAN GOVT.

France's Suggestion

PARIS, April 12 (Reuter) The French Prime Minister, said last night that his Government favoured a tri-zonal western German government, but indicated that he would support a strong degree of local autonomy for the Laender (German states) in any such government.

He said: "In seeking a new organisation for Germany one must bear in mind the existence of German lands which are distinct geographically and ethnically rather than of a unified state, which has too often bred totalitarian regimes".

Mr. Schumarn added that if an understanding proved impossible between the four powers, then an understanding would be reached between three powers. "We have no taste at all for mutually antagonistic blocs, but we deem it necessary to find a solution—the least harmful possible, but at least a solution".

Voluntary Labour For British Farms

Offers of help for Britain's voluntary land labour have been received by the British Ministry of Agriculture from India, Africa, Canada and Australia.

The seven-month volunteer campaign to help the British farmer achieve another record output, which starts next week, coincides with the arrival of hundreds of Commonwealth visitors to Britain on leave. Reading in their newspapers about Britain's great need for more manpower on land (due largely to the repatriation of German prisoners), they have been writing during the past few weeks offering their services.

A Ministry of Agriculture spokesman said: "We are very pleased to receive these offers. Many of the holiday-makers want to spend four weks in acamp. We are fitting them in as soon as we receive their applications.'

The first of the 1948 volunteers — 200,000 is the number aimed at for 100 camps — are going into action in Surrey and Suffolk. The volunteers include clergymen, clerks, miners, managing directors and stock exchange executives. They all receive the same pay — 1s.5d. (14as.) an hour.

MAHARASHTRA & KARNATAK MOTOR UNIONS FEDERATION

KOLHAPUR, April 11 (A.P.I.): The Maharashtra and Karnatic Motor Unions Federation meeting here today passed a resolution stating that labour representation contemplated in the Bombay Govt.-sponsored scheme of nationalisation should be given to representatives of workers elected by the Unions with the raght to vote and appointed a nine-men committee to negitiate with the Government in the light of this resolution.

The federation also decided to affiliate itself to the All India Road Transport Federation formed at Nasik in March.

Mr. Asok Mehta, the Socialist Leader presided over the meeting.

Steady Rise In British Production

LONDON, April 12.

Industrial production in Britain during January was almost the highest since the war—only one point below the peak November figure of 123. This is revealed in the British Government's Monthly Digest of Statistics for March just published.

The total industrial output in Britain during January was 14 per cent. above that for the same month last year, with a slight increase in the number of workers employed in industry. Production during the second half of 1947 was 10 per cent. higher than during the corresponding period of 1946.

Deliveries of coal-mining machinery, both for home and overseas markets, in February were the highest for many years. Exports of most other types of machinery were also maintained at a high level. Considerably more agricultural tractors are now being made.

The Monthly Digest says that pig iron and scrap metal stocks — adequate supplies of which are essential for the achievement of Britain's steel production target for this year — amounted to 352,000 tons of pig iron at the end of February. Steel works and foundries had 388,000 tons of scrap in hand. During February the amount of scrap metal used was 174,000 tons.

POLICE OPERATIONS AGAINST BANDITS

SINGAPORE, April 12 (Reuter): Combined military and police operations against bandits on the Malayan-Siamese border, which were successfully concluded yesterday resulted in "important discoveries, involving political issues.

Police were not prepared to disclose these discoveries but further action was expected to be taken.

Fighting broke out between police and bandits in the south valley of the Ayer Karah River, north of Kuala Kansan, but there were no casualties on either side.

Police forces burned a big jungle warfare school, known as the Headquarters of the bandits.

NO FOOD SCARCITY IN KARWAR

KARWAR, April 10 (API): People of Karwar district need have no apprehension of acute food scarcity and starvation during the coming monsoon the District Collector Mr R. J. Rebello told a press conference here today. He stated that the Government had plans in hand to send increased supplies of food grains to areas threatened with a shortage.

Giving figures of stocks in hand Mr. Rebello said that the district authorities had at their disposal at present 2,630 tons of food grains, including 1,905 tons of rice further 2,900 tons of additional food grains including 1,000 tons of rice and 700 tons wheat were expected to arrive in the district by the end of this month. Fair price shops would be opened at suitable centres and unpopular grains would be sold off first.

Further Improvement In Mill Shares

Sharp Rise In Cotton Prices On Renewed Professional Buying

BULLION MARKET QUIETLY STEADY

Bombay, April 12

The Bombay Stock Exchange was fairly steady to-day with moderate business passing. Kohinoor shares were active with increased buying while Steel shares after early improvement met scattered realising. The general feeling in the market remains constructive but in view of the recent rise buyers are inclined to be cautious.

Tata Steel Defd shares opened at Rs. 1610 and advanced at Rs. 1652 but reacted at Rs. 1640. Ordinary sharese opened at Rs. 334 and after advancing at Rs. 338 steadied at Rs. 336. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1130 and after advancing at Rs. 1155 quietened at Rs. 1142 Kohinoor shares opened at Rs. 640 and firmed up at Rs. 664 while Swadeshi Mill shares opened at Rs. 634 and advanced at Rs. 656.

Later on the market was quiet and Tata Steel Defds were quoted at Rs. 1635 while Ordinary shares were done at Rs. 335, Bombay Dyeings were done at Rs. 1137 and Kohinoor were quoted at Rs. 662 while Swadeshi shares were done at Rs. 656. Associated Cements were quoted at Rs. 175. Bellapurs were done at Rs. 349 while Constructions were done at Rs. 202. Scindia shares were quoted at Rs. 28/5. Closing tone of the market was steady.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing X.D. 1136.4 Kohinoor 661 Swadeshi 656 Nagpur 345 Simplex 244 New Great 379 Gokak X.D. 343 Indore 570 Century 512 8 Colaba 320 Bleaching 167 Swan 390 Finlay 366.8 Morarji 520 Edward 630 Meyer 177/8 Apollo 3/15 I.U. Ordinary 15 8 I. U. Defd. 2/13. Madhusudan 240 Podar 185 Khatau 262/8.

STEELS

Tata Steel Ord. 335 Tata Steel Defd. 1635 Second 142

CEMENTS

Associated Merger X. D. 174/8.

INDUSTRIES

Burma 460 Belapur 348 Shivraj pur 38/8 Scindia 28.3 Construction 200 Tata Chemical 17 Tata Oil 59 Indian Iron 31/1 Bengal Iron 26 6

ELECTRICITS

Tata Hydro 164 Andhra 1430 Tata Power 1535

MILLS (CASH)

Elphinstone 86 Phoenix 455 Ind. Mfg. 4185 Koorla 300 Dawn 1545 David 150 New City 188/12 Minerva 213/12 Bradbury 695 Bharucha (Defd.) 7 Bharat 41 Mysore 232 8 Madhavji 19 6 Model 188/12 Laxmi X.R. 810 Vishnu XR 322/8 Western 4060 Standard 520 Sholapur 5950 Sassoon Cotton 19 Hindustan 4310 Tata 74 Ahmedabad Advance 565 Sassoon Silk 85 New Union 105 Madhusudan B. 47 Shrinivas X.R. 220 Raja Bahadur 125 Berar 265 Victoria 425 Simplex Cpn. 108.

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad X.R. 125/10 New 133 2 Surat 142/8 Karachi 116/4 Broach 10/10 Ajmer 10/8 Amalgamated 15/8 Nagour 56/8 Poona 145 Bombay Suburban 161.4 Bombay Suburban New 131/4.

BANK SHARES

Reserve 111/8 Imperial 2030 P. P. 502/8 Central 86 New 85 India 246 Union 9/10 Baroda 159 Habib 152 Dena Bank 54 United Commercial 67/8 Jaipur 51 Hindustan Com. 34 Mysore 365 Exchange (Ord.) 50 Eastern 105

INSURANCE

Oriental 5400 Empire 785 New India 73 Jupiter 30 Vulcan 13/10 Indian Mercantile 50/8 Universal Fire 15/12 British India General 23/8 Prud. 29 Neptune 7 New Great 25 All-India General 20/4.

RAILWAYS

C.P. 106/8 Mymensing 100 Guaranteed 100 Pachora 107 Manmad 125

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 331/4 Steamer 540 Burma New 160/10 B.B. Petrol 2/14.3 Mackenzie 85 Port Canning 74 Kemp 480 Zandu Pharmacy 180 Indian Investment Trust XD 99/4 Wimco 312/8 Dharamsey Chemical 36/8 Mukund Iron 10 Dena Trust 24 Alembic 247/8 Supreme India 130 Jamwire 108 Bombay Uganda 74 Bombay Motor Cycle 42 India Cement 31/4 Walchand Nagar Industries 170 United Motor 74 A.C.C. New 110/8 Bombay Safe Deposit 910 Hydri Construction 16 Mahmad Steam 100/8 Gujerat Motor 25/2 Sardar Carbolic 750 Harvey Press 340 Estrella Bat. 53 Prince of Wales 625.

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 185 Andhra Valley 1237/8 Tata Power 1320 Hydro 123/12 Bombay Steamer 323/12 Nagpur 627/8 Swadeshi 146/4 Vishnu 850 Laxmi 307/8 New Great 222/8 Poddar 115 Shrinivas 98 Elphinstone 116/8 Bradbury 385 Surat Elec 130 Premier Construction (1st Pref.) 127 (Second Pref.) 125 Amalgamated 123/8 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 123.12 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupiter 19/14 Supreme 120 Meyer 121/4 Mackenzie First 127/8 Mackenzie Second 125 And Advance 160 Mysore Mill 50 Standard 101 Madhusudan 12

DEBENTURES

Andhra 1952 (4) 103/8 B. Steamer 1959 104/6 Indian Hume Pipe 111 Tata Power 1951 103 Walchand Nagar (6) 117.

OUTSIDE ISSUES

Indian Copper 2/13.6 BIC 9/5 Burma Corporation 3/4 New Victoria Mill 5/4 New Victoria Pref 6 8 Phalton 110 Gold Mohor 325 New Kaiser-e-Hind 385 Sajjan Mill 250 Osmanshahi 230 Ajamshahi 210 Air Services 11.8 Air Ambica 16 Air India Tata 165 Hind Motor 7 Indian Steam 13/4

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, April 12

The cotton market was again easy to-day with further liquidation of speculative holdings which resulted in a sharp decline in prices. Later on there was scattered short covering which erased a portion of the decline. At the opening May was quoted at Rs. 665 and declined at Rs. 655 under increased selling pressure but rallied at Rs. 660 on short covering.

Later on there was increased buying by professional operators and May delivery advanced at Rs. 673. The market again jumped up at Rs. 680 and finally closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. May	678	8	0
ICC July	685	12	0
I.C.C. September	689	12	0

High And Low Cotton Prices

BOMBAY, April 10.

May	Highest 692;	Lowest	670;
Closing 673			
July	Highest 699;	Lowest	680/4;
Closing 682/8			
Sept.	Highest 703;	Lowest	684;
Closing 686/8			

Indian Cotton Parity

Indian cotton may contract is 1116 cent points below New York May at exchange rat 331.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, April 12

The local Bullion market was quiet to-day with a moderate business. Forward Silver opened at Rs. 170/12 and improved at Rs. 171/8 but reacted at Rs. 171/2. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 170/12. Forward Gold opened at Rs. 115/12 and improved at Rs. 116 but quietened at Rs. 115-10. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 115/10 and Sovereigns stood at Rs. 73/12

The market finally closed as under:

Ready Silver	171	7	0
Forward Silver	171	3	0
Ready Gold	115	3	0
Forward Gold	115	4	0
Sovereigns	73	8	0

PRODUCE MARKET

Bombay, April 12

The Produce market was easy today with increased selling in Castorseeds. Local operators were selling May delivery against purchases of September delivery. Castorseeds May opened at Rs. 141/8 and after declining at Rs. 138/3 steadied at Rs. 138 7. September delivery opened at Rs. 147/8 and declined at Rs. 145/6. Quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS—			
Khandesh quality .... Rs.	33	4	0
Coromandal ready	33	0	0
Bold ready	32	14	0
April-May	32	7	0
CASTORSEEDS—			
Ready	30	8	0
May delivery	138	7	0
September	145	12	0
LINSEED—,			
Ready	26	2	0
April-May	26	2	0
OILS—			
Groundnut ready	17	6	0
Groundnut April	17	8	0
Groundnut May	17	15	0
Linseed Oil	16	0	0
Castorseed First Pressing ..	19	4	0
Castorseed Commercial quality	17	12	0

CHEQUES CLEARED.

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending the 9th April 1948 were as under:—

Number of Cheques: 195583.

Amount of Cheques: Rs. 57,21,40,-210-2-7.

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, April 12.

MILLS.

Apollo 3/14/6 3/15
B. Dyeing 1130 25 50 35 52/8 32/8 47/8 35 36/4
C. India 343 40 47/8 44 45
C. India (Pref.) 630 27/8
Finlay 365 64 70 66 68 66/8
Gokak 345 44 49 42 43 (Ex. Div.)
I. U. (Defd.) 2/14 2/15 2/13
I. U. (Ord.) 15/9 15/12 15/8
Indore 550 55 65 62/8 77/8 70 75 70
Khatau 262/8
Kohinoor 642 39 68 58 60 55 66 61
Laxmi 810
New Great 380 79
Phoenix 455
Podar 182/8 85
Simplex 233 42 38 44 42 44
Swadeshi 645 41 51 48 57 50 60 56
Swan 390
Tata Mills 73/8 74/8 74
Vishnu 320 22/8
C. P. Rly. 106/8

BANKS.

Central 85/8 86/8 86
Imperial (Old) 2025 40 30
Imperial (New) 502/8
India 246 45 46/8 46
Reserve 111/8
Union 9/10
U. Commercial 67/8

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 123/2 25/10
Andhra Valley 1430
Andhra Valley (Pref.) 1235 37/8
B Suburban 150 51/4
Hydro 154
Hydro (Pref.) 123/12 (Ex. Div.)
Power 1545 35
Power (Pref.) 1320

INSURANCE

New India 72/8 73
Vulcan 13/8 13/10

STEAMER.

B. Steam 537/8 40
Scindia 28/2 28/8 28/2 28/5 28/3

STEEL.

B. Steel 26/6 26/4 26/8 26/6
I. Iron 31/2 31/6 31 31/1
Tata (Defd.) 1625 20 47/8 35 52/5 35 40 35
Tata (Ord.) 332 37 35/8 37 35 36 35 36 35
Tata (IInd Pref.) 141/8 42/4 42

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 315 42/8 25 31/4
A. C. C. (Old) 174/8 75/12 75 75/12 74/8
A. C. C. (New) 109 10/8
Belapur 346 52 48
B. B. (Old) 445 62/8 55 61/4 60
B. B. (New) 155 60/10
B. B. Petrol 2/13 2/14/6 2/14/3
I. I. Trust 99/4 (Ex. Div.)
Port Canning 74
P. Const. 195 206 197 202/8 1/8 2 200
Shivrajpur 39 40 38/8
Tata Chem. 17
Tata (Pref.) 123/12
Tata Oil 59
Wimco 315 13/12

SPECIAL

Central Bank (New) 85
Indian Mfg. 4175 85

CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

The following is the Statement of Liabilities and Assets of the Central Bank of India, Ltd. for the fortnight dated 31st March:—

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.	Rs.
Capital Subscribed	5,76,05,600	
Capital Paid-up		
Ordinary Shares	2,61,84,000	
Capital Paid-up		
Ordinary 'A' Shares	52,37,000	3,14,21,000
Reserve & Other Funds.		
Reserve Fund	2,55,42,000	
Contingency Fund	45,00,000	
Sinking Fund in respect of Lands and Buildings	52,62,000	3,53,04,000
Dposits Debts due to Bank and Agents. Bills Payable, etc.		1,30,26,30,000
Sundries including Branch Adjustments		31,15,06,000
Total Rs.		1,68,08,61,000

ASSETS.

	Rs.
Cash Credit and Overdrafts on Government and other Authorised Scurities	42,92,90,000
Loans on Government and other Authorised Securities	8,60,70,000
Bill Discounted	6,51,61,000
Lands & Buildings	99,69,000
Sundries including Branch Adjustments	25,33,33,000
Cash in hand, at Banks, Moneys at Call and Investments in War Bonds, —Government Paper, Treasury Bills,—Shares, Debentures, etc.	83,70,38,000
Total Rs.	1,68,08,61,000

Government Loans

BOMBAY April 12. The Government loans market was quietly steady with a restricted business. 3 per cent 1986 conversion loan wsa quoted at Rs.98/2/6.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, April 12.

Tata Ordinary 335; Tata Deferred 1635; Indian Iron 31/1; Steel Corpn. or Bengal 26/6; Bombay Dyeing 1126/4; Central India 341/4; Gokak X. D. 343/2; Kohinoor 661/4; Simplex 244; Swadeshi 656/4; Tata Power 1635; Associated Cement 174/8; Belapur 348/2; Bombay Burma (Old) 460; Scindia 28/3; Central Bank 86/4; New India 73/2; Tata 2nd Pref. 142/8.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, April 12.

B C Rates T T D D 1-5 15/16 Ready
B C Rates T T D D 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 8th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6-5/32 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th and 9th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Month
New York and Montreal B C Rates T T Rs 332 1/4
Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 332 1/4
Banks Buying T T Rs. 330
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 328 3/4
Montreal Rs 328 1/2
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 329
Montreal Rs 328 3/4 L/C
Paris Banks Selling T T Fcs. 6400
Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 6550
Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Fl 79
Belgium Banks Selling T T D D Fcs. 1305
Java Banks Selling T T D D—79
Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 84
Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 157 1/4
New York-London Cross Rate Doz .02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4
London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs. 52.57-53.43
London Alexandria T/a 97 1/4-3/4
London Amsterdam Fl 10.68-70
London Bangkok Tcl. 40
London Belgium Fcs. 176 1/2-3/4
London Denmark Kr. 19.82-86
London Hongkong 1/8 1/16
London Iran Rl 128-130
London Java Fl. 10.68-70
London Lisbon Es 99.80-100.20
London Manila Pes. 8.07-12
London Montreal Dol 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4
London New York Dol 4.02 3/4 4.031 1/4,
London Oslo Kr 19.98 20.02
London Paris Fcs. 863.40-864.60
London Prague K 201-202
London Singapore 2/4 7/32-1/8
London Stockholm Kr. 14.47-50
London Switzerland Fcs 17.34-36
London Syria 880-5
London Discts. 3 Mos. 9/16 per cent
London Discts. 6 Mos. 5/8 per cent
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent, Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—Call 1/2 per cent, 3 Mos. 3/4 per cent, 6 Mos. 1 per cent, 12 Mos. 1-1/2 per cent.

Tone:—Easy.

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, April 12.

		Rs.	as.	p
2-1/2 p.c.	1954	98	10	0
2-1/2 p.c.	1950	101	1	0
2-1/2 p.c.	.....	96	10	0
2-3/4 p.c.	1948-52	100	4	0
2-3/4 p.c.	1960	99	3	0
2-3/4 p.c.	1962	99	0	0
2-3/4 p.c.	1976	99	8	0
3 p.c.	non-Terminable ...	98	3	0
3 p.c.	1986 Con.	98	2	6
3 p.c.	1949-52	101	0	0
3 p.c	1951-54	102	1	0
3 p.c.	1953-56	101	14	0
3 p.c.	1957	100	10	0
3 p.c.	1959-61	100	12	0
3 p.c.	1966-68	99	10	0
3 p.c	1970-75	99	3	0
3 1/2 p.c.	1954-59	105	6	0
4 p.c.	1945-53	102	0	0
4 p.c.	1960-70	111	8	0
4-1/2 p.c.	1958-67	105	0	0
4-1/2 p.c.	1955-60	113	0	0
4-1/2 p.c.	1958-67	116	0	0

PROVINCIAL LOANS

2-3/4	p.c. U.P. 1961	89	12	
2-3/4	p.c. Madras 1961.	99	0	0
3	p.c Bombay 1955 ..	101	10	0
3	p.c. Bombay 1958 ...	101	10	0
4	p.c. Punjab 1949 ..	99	2	0
3	p.c. Madras 1952-53 ..	100	12	0
3	p.c. Punjab 1952	99	4	0
3	p.c. U. P. 1952	112	0	0
3	p.c. C P 1952	101	0	0
3	p.c. N.-W F. 1952 ...	99	14	0
3	p c. U. P. 1961-66	100	10	0
3	p.c. Bombay Port Trust	111	4	0
3	p.c. Bombay Municipality City	111	0	0
3	p.c Bombay Municipality 1959	117	0	0
6	p.c. Municipality 1954	119	0	0
3-1/4	p.c New Municipal 1977	100	12	0
5	p.c. BPT	110	0	0

AMSTERDAM PEPPER MARKET.

AMSTERDAM, April 10. (U. P. A.): The following prices were quoted on the Amsterdam Pepper Market on Saturday:—

Black Lampong 240 sh. a cwt.
White Muntok 342 sh. 6d. a cwt.
Malabar Pepper 252 sh. 6 d. a cwt.

PEPPER PRICES.

BOMBAY, April 12.

Chaitra dely. ..... 831 to 41
Vaishakh dely. ..... 831 to 41

HESSIAN MARKET.

BOMBAY, April 12.

45X11.			Pics.
Ready			117
April-June			105
July-Sept.			99
40X28.			
Ready	108	0	0
April-June	101	0	0

ITALIAN ART-SILK YARN.

BOMBAY, April 12.

150 D. April	13	0	6
150 D. May	12	10	6
120 D. Ready	12	4	0

U. S. WINTER WHEAT PROSPECTS IMPROVE

WASHINGTON, April 12.

The U.S. Agriculture Department has forecast that the 1948 U.S. winter wheat crop will total about 860,521,000 bushels, or 22 million bushels more than anticipated on December 1.

The latest forecast, based on growing conditions as of April 1, indicated that the 1948 wheat crop, including spring wheat, will again be over one billion bushels, as in the four previous years.

It is indicated that the yield per acre for 1948 winter wheat might be the lowest since 1943, but a record acreage was seeded. The latest forecast compares with the 1947 record winter wheat crop of 1,068 million bushels and the 1937-46 average of 888,600,000 bushels.

U.S. hopes to exceed its current export goal of 450 million bushels depended in large measure upon the outcome of the winter wheat crop, Agriculture Secretary Clinton P. Anderson has indicated.

Farmers now are planting their spring wheat and if planting intentions materialize and normal conditions prevail about 272 million bushels of spring wheat may be harvested.

While wheat wintered well in most localities, the report said, late-seeded fields in the Great Plains area still face hazards in that the root system is under-developed and growth is small. This wheat will also be vulnerable to the hot, dry summer weather, as it will reach naturity later than usual.

Wheat stocks on farms as of April 1 were estimated at 257 million bushels, nearly double the small total on farms last year this time. The 1937-46 average of stocks as of April 1 was 196 million bushels.

The report estimated stocks of corn on farms at 849 million bushels, one-third less than the total on hand last year and the smallest since 1937. —USIS.

Bright Export Prospects Lift N. Y. Cotton Prices

The bright export prospects lifted all deliveries to new seasonal high levels. Occasional fair-sized reactions uncovered strong support. Export sales to China are placed around 300,000 bales. Traders foresee a tightening supply situation possibly extending into the autumn as a result of prospective export demands and new crop preparations being as much as 3 weeks behind normal in some areas. On the other hand, private advices indicate that producers are making an intensive effort for a large cotton acreage due to prevailing high prices with last year's idle land reportedly being prepared for cotton and less acreage sown in grains. Meanwhile the sixty million dollar cotton credit to Japan is still being held up awaiting approval by the National Advisory Council which must pass on the loan as a national policy matter.

U. S. EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF GOLD AND SILVER.

WASHINGTON, April 10 (4 P. A.): The Census Bureau today, reported that U. S. gold exports during the week ended March 24 totalled $1,677,430 while the imports amounted to $40,762,338.

Silver exports the week totalled $22,861 and the imports of silver amounted to $925,049, the report said.

FUTURE RELATIONS OF INDIA WITH BRITAIN

Principal Issue Facing Consembly

NEW DELHI, April 12.(UPI): Will the Union of India opt out of the British Commonwealth of Nations or remain within it with the framework of a republican constitution?

This point is understood to have formed one of the principal issues for discussions at a meeting of the Union Constitution Committee, the Provincial Constitution Committee and the Union Powers Committee appointed by the Constituent Assembly of India.

The United Press of India learns that this issue cropped up in connection with the discussions of an amendment proposed by Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Chairman of the Constitution Drafting Committee, which suggested the substitution of the word "State" for the word "republic" in the preamble of the proposed Constitution Bill.

The discussion of this amendment was, it is understood, postponed to a later date in view of the fact that no decision had yet been reached by the Government of India on the future status of the Indian Union.

It is reliably gathered that the members who opposed this amendment at this joint conference argued that even though the word "republic" was embodied in the constitution of Canada, Ireland and South Africa, it did not preclude them from the membership of the British Commonwealth. The example of Ireland which, though a member of the Commonwealth could maintain neutrality during the last war without forfeiting her membership of the Commonwealth, was cited.

Besides this important issue, the joint conference which concluded its deliberations yesterday is understood to have also discussed the modifications in the draft constitution suggested by the Chief Justices of High Courts and the Federal Court who met in New Delhi recently.

SHIPPING NEWS

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, April 12.

IMPORTS

S.S. CARRICK BEND

From Hongkong:—50 cases alimony reapuials.

From Hongkong:—500 loose Antimony regulars.

EXPORTS

EXPORTS

Goods Entered for Export.

S.S. CARRICK BEND.

To Singapore:—41 bales cotton piecegoods—Uttamram and Co

S.S. BENFIELD

To Karachi:—55 packings tamarind, 10 bags drug un, 10 bags cardamums, 25 bags soapnuts—M. S. Rahimtulla and Sons. 25 bags tamarind—V Devraj and Co. 50 bags tamarind H G. Noormohamed and Co. 5 bags Cardamums—M. Keshavlal. 70 bags bettlenuts 200 bags soap nuts, 25 bags cardamums—M. M. P. Essack. 47 bags drug un—M. H. A. Karim, 5 bags tamarind—A. G. Abdulla. 30 bags drug un—H. I. H. Jalimad.

S.S. EXTON

To Philadelphia:—40 bales yellow wool raw—The Bombay Co. Ltd

S.S. VARSOVA

To Busrah:—5 bales cotton piecegoods—A. R. Bassan and Sons

To Khoramshire:—13 bales cotton piecegoods—R. G. L. Sons.

To Karachi:—11 bags rubber caloons —S. M. Siddique. 30 bettle leaves—Esmail Umar. 200 baskets koriander leaves—Betel Leaves—B. L. Cakad.

S. S. BHANDRAWATI

To Karachi:—200 baskets bettlenuts—N. Purshottam Bros.

S.S. MARINE LEAPORD

To Suez:—106 bales cotton piecegoods—C. Bhaichandbhai.

To Genoa:—29 bales dryslted goat skins—Shamjimal.

To Alexandria—16 drums Castor Oil —C. Hindustan Export and Import Corp Ltd.

To Boston:—592 bales wool raw—A. Phiroz and Co.

To New York:10 bales fur skin—A. David 100 bales wool raw—A. Phiroj and Co.

To Philadelphia—29 bales wool—R. S. K. Banwarilal.

S.S. FLYING ARROW

To Shaighai:—500 bales raw cotton —Volkart Bros.

S.S. TARATIA

To Liverpool:—110 bales blankets—United Trades Ltd 65 bales wool raw —S. Karasha.

S.S. MUTLAH.

To Colombo:—30 cases harmless medicine—W. T. Suresh and Co.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

We give below information regarding vessels under Messrs Volkart Bros. agency.

DUE TO ARRIVE AT BOMBAY.—From Persian Gulf via Karachi and Veraval 'Alderamin' due 12th April.

From Adriatic 'Carbonello' due 11th April

From Persian Gulf—'Limburg' due 15th April.

From Rotterdam Antwerp via Alexandria 'Thetis' due 17th April.

From U.S. Pacific Coast—'Tosari' due 24th April.

From Persian Gulf via Karachi—'Leuvekerk due 18th April.

From U.S. Pacific Coast—'Japara' due 24th April.

From U.S. Atlantic Coast via Persian Gulf—'Hoegh Silverstar' due 29th April

From Rotterdam Antwerp Mediterranean—'Talisse' due 30th April.

DUE TO SAIL FROM BOMBAY:—For Calcutta—'Saparoea' sails 13th April.

For Mediterranean and North Continental Ports 'Aldermin' sails 15th April.

For Italian Ports—'Carbonello' sails 15th April.

For U.S. Pacific Coast—'Limberg' sails 18th April.

For Colombo/Madras/Calcutta—'Thetis' sails 19th April.

For Mediterranean and North Continental Ports 'Leuvekerk' sails 20th April.

For Karachi Persian Gulf—'Tosari' sails 28th April.

For Madras Calcutta—'Japara' sails 28th April.

ALLEGED GAMBLERS ATTACK POLICE

Clash Near Mahaluxmi While Raiding Stable

BOMBAY, Mnoday.

The well-known race-horse trainer W. R. Buckley's stables were the venue of a big clash between the Bombay Police and a crowd alleged to have been engaged in gambling on the spot, when the Police raided it on Saturday.

It appears that the Anti-Gambling Squad received information that illicit betting was being received at trainer Buckley's stables and rushed there to raid the place, when, it is said, betting was in full swing.

Upon their arrival at the stables they are said to have placed under arrest five persons who were caught red-handed while in the act of betting.

This seems to have enraged the friends of the arrested men, who, it is stated, mobbed the Police in a minatory manner.

The Police then opened fire in order to escape being completely encircled by the crowd and at this juncture it is said, there was a severe clash between the Police party and the crowd which had swelled considerably by now.

In the course of the melee, the Officer who had the revolver was surrounded and the weapon snatched from his hands. Three constables and one lady Police officer are said to have sustained injuries in the course of the affray.

The Police who sent an S.O.S. for help were soon reinforced and subsequently 22 persons including Mr. Buckley were taken into cutody.

The Officer's revolver which was missing was seized from the stables yesterday after a long search conducted by the Police.

It is stated that the amount confiscated and other incriminating evidence which the Police took into thir possession in the course of the raid were all forcibly snatched from the Police by the crowd and destroyed.

Up-To-Date Gambling Den Raided

BOMBAY, Monday.

An up to date gambling den situated at Prere Road, was raided by the City Police late last evening and eighteen persons were taken in custody.

The arrested persons consist of Erach Sorabji Hansotia, President of the den, Framrose J. Merwanji, Secretary, B. K. Irani, an employee who acted as cashier and Master-of-Ceremonies generally, H. T. Sheriar, employed by the den to be on the look-out for the police, and switch off the lights as a signal that the guardians of the law might be expected. Fourteen persons who were found on the premises, were also taken in custody, on the suspicion that they were gambling.

When the accused were produced in the Esplanade Court this morning the oplice stated that the first four accused were concerned in running the gambling den, while the others were gambling in dice and cards. They also stated that a sum of Rs. 759/12/3 was recovered from the premises.

Rao Bahadur C. B. Velkar Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court ordered the first two accuseo to be released on bails of Rs 5,000 each and the rest on bails of Rs. 2,500 each.

Pathan Woman Fatally Stabbed

BOMBAY, Monday.

Hussein Jan Bibi Kaiasha, a Pathan woman who was stabbed last week by a fellow Pathan died in the K.E.M. Hospital, today.

It is stated that her murderer was to be deported from Bombay and suspected that the deceased and her husband were instrumental in the deportation.

He, it is said, went to the deceased's residence at Sewri on the day of the incident while her husband was away and demanded from her all the valuables she possessed

Since she refused to comply with his request it is stated he flashed out a knife and set upon her, brutally stabbing her till she fell senseless.

He is then said to have ransacked her trunk and removed Rs. 2000 in cash and all the ornaments which were stored in it and absconded.

The Police are investigating into the matter

Relieved Of Cash

Abdul Rahim Gafol alias Ahma alias Sostra, and Abdul Aziz Khan alias Rahim fell into the clutches of Bombay Police on April 10, for, it is alleged, having made a man drunk and then depriving him of cash and things worth of Rs. 625/- out of which Rs. 550 worth have been recovered by the Police.

It appears that the first accused took the victim to an unholy" place, where he was made to drink some sleep-inducing sweet liquid and then committed the offences. The second accused is alleged to have abetted the first in the offences.

The accused were remanded into Police custody at Mazgaon today.

Sri Prakasa For Calcutta And East Bengal

CALCUTTA, April 11. (A.P.I.): Mr. Sri Prakasa, the High Commissioner for India in Pakistan arrived in Calcutta this evening from Delhi by Air in connection with the Inter-Dominion Conference which commences here on April 15

After participating in the Conference, Mr. Sri Prakasa is expected to leave for Dacca on the 18th, to study the condition of the minority community there. He will also visit Chittagong before returning to Calcutta.

V. P. Jaswant who was arrested by Bombay C.I.D for an alleged offence under Bombay Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order namely transporting 390 pounds of cloth in a lorry without a road permit, on April 10 was released on bail in the sum of Rs 4000 at Mazgaon Police Court today.

MUTT AND JEFF—Jeff Only Attends The Shorts—Short Reelers That Is By BUD FISHER

I CAN'T FIGURE OUT HOW A LITTLE SHRIMP LIKE YOU CAN GET SO MANY DATES!
OH, IT'S NOT HARD TO FIGURE OUT!
WHAT IS IT ABOUT YOU? DO THE GIRLS FIND YOU HANDSOME?
MM-NO!
WELL, DO THEY FIND YOU IRRESISTIBLE?
NO
DO THEY FIND YOU INTERESTING?
NO!
WELL, HOW DO THEY FIND YOU?
THEY JUST LOOK DOWN AND THERE I AM!
Fisher

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

Minimum Rs. 1/8/-

To Be Paid In Advance

MATRIMONIAL

Matrimonial Correspondence invited from educated girls for Malayalee Syrian Christian Bachelor, 26, well settled. Apply Box No. 8522 "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a Carding & Spinning Master and Supervisors for our Woollen Mills. Pay according to qualifications. Apply alongwith testimonials to E. Sefton & Co. Ltd., Mirzapur. 8523

Wanted experienced men in Banking and Insurance, at least ten years experience, to audit books, secure business Banking and Insurance, Cash Security Rs. 5,000/-, salary and allowances according to qualifications. Write to Box No. 8705 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Experienced Travelling Salesmen for pushing sales of "Tharu Brand Washing Soaps" in all places in Bombay Province, Baroda, Kathiawar and Western India States. Salary Rs. 125/- P.M. Inter class Rail fare plus 1% commission on sales. No Batta. Cash security Rs. 100/- essential Apply with full particulars to A.K. Tharu Sons, Post Box No. 14, Coimbatore: South India. 8076

Wanted experienced Linotype Operators for a leading Daily Newspaper. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 3030 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a good and competent Pharmacist and Storekeeper to take charge of the Medical Stores in Aden. Applicant must have a qualification in pharmacy and good experience in storekeeping in connection with a large medical organisation. Preference will be given to ex-service applicant. Initial basic salary Rs. 300/- p.m. plus Rs. 40/- p.m. Cost of Living Allowance. Free second class passages will be provided. Apply with copies of testimonials to Messrs. Cowasjee Dinshaw Bros., Agents: Government of Aden Colony, 121 Medows Street, Fort, Bombay. (8081)

Wanted experienced Teachers for Gujarati, History-Geography and English for Morning Shift—upto 12. Apply Box No. 8498 "Bombay Chronicle."

Very Senior Composite Insurance Company invites applications for the post of Branch Secretary Surat. Apply stating previous experience to Box No. 8083 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a Shorthand Typist. Write with full particulars as regards experience, etc. to Box No. 3535 "Bombay Chronicle."

Required L.T.M.'s—Wanted for a Silk and Art Silk Mill in Bombay three L.T.M.'s in weaving preferably with experience of Silk and Art Silk or having worked in Fine Cotton Mills. Apply with credentials stating minimum salary expected to Box No. 8082 "Bombay Chronicle."

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

A Batch for Vacation — Davar's College of Commerce — Enrol immediately for all specialisation and Professional Diploma Courses for training throughout vacation for next year's examinations. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road. 8529

MEDICAL ADLETS

Cobracane for T. B. All forms. Literature on request. Apply Acme Trading Co., Hyderabad (Dn). 8182

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents & Stockists, for the sale of our Chappals and Sandals (Ladies' and gents'), and Shoes, famous for their elegance and durability. For terms and samples, please apply to:— J. K. Leather Works, Post Box 286, Kanpur (U.P.) (8041)

Wanted:—Agents and Stockists for our Horn and Pearl Buttons. J. Smith and Co., Dacca (Bengal). 8528

Wanted a financially sound party for the agency of our High-class Acme Biscuits and Confectionery for Bombay Presidency. Interested parties may please contact with giving their bank references and details of their other business to Modi Supplies Corporation Ltd., Modinagar (U. P.). (8065)

LIVE STOCKS

For Dog's Sickness Consult Seervai of Bellemont Kennels, Post Box 6505, or Phone No. 43245 8014

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Sterling Chemical & Pharmaceutical Works Ltd Write for Particulars 302/1 Upper Circular Rd Calcutta. 8136

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Available ex-Stocks American Electric Gramophones from Rs 360 Flourescent tubes and reflectors Electric lamps all standard voltages and types from 15 watt to 1000 watts C.T.S. cables all sizes good discounts for quantities Apply Box No 3985 "Bombay Chronicle"

Those plain and printed ever-glazed American Chintz you were waiting for have arrived Call early to have the pick of the lot Raval Tiles & Marble Ltd. 97A, Queen's Road, Bombay 1. 6778

PUBLIC NOTICES

AHMEDABAD MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the following posts of Technicians and Laboratory Assistants from candidates possessing Bombay Domicile.

TECHNICIANS:—(Scale of pay, Rs. 120-8-200-10-250) should be Science Graduates with Chemistry as principal subject. Knowledge of organic chemistry will be additional qualification.

LAB. ASSTS:—(Scale of Pay, Rs. 75-3-105) Candidates must be Matriculates. Previous laboratory experience will be additional qualification.

Applications from suitable candidates stating name, domicile, date of birth, qualifications, and experience should reach the DIRECTOR HAFFKINE INSTITUTE, PAREL, BOMBAY not later than the 25th April 1948. 8096

CENTRAL PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS are invited from the registered contractor of the Central P.W.D. by the undersigned for constructing quarters for 14 unmarried Clerks and Supervisors K-3 Type at Saharpura (Sindri) costing approximately Rs. 62.390 - by 12 Noon of 20th April, 1948.

Tender papers condition etc. can be had from the office of the undersigned on payment of Rs. 5/- not refundable.

Earnest money required for the work is Rs. 3120/- in currency notes or through Bank draft on the Imperial Bank of India, Dhanbad.

K. B. MENON,
Executive Engineer,
Fertiliser Factory Division No. I.,
Central P. W. D., Sindri,
P. O. Pathardihi (Dist. Manbhum). 8101

NOTICE

AS FROM the 12th April, 1948, the current official prices of "Shell and B.O.C." petrol in Bombay island and suburbs has been increased to Rs. 1-13-0 per gallon ex pump and Rs. 1-14-0 per gallon in sealed cans. These prices are exclusive of the Sales Tax imposed by the Bombay Provincial Government. 8104

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificate No. N. 15029 for Shares Nos. N. 775685 and N. 775686 of the ASSOCIATED CEMENT COMPANIES, LTD., No. 1, Queen's Road, Fort, Bombay, standing in the name of Mr. Benjamin Gasper Fonseca of Bombay, has been lost or destroyed and the undersigned has applied for the issue of Duplicate Certificate for the said shares.

Any person in possession of the said Share Certificate and or having any claim thereto should notify to and lodge such claim with the said Comppany WITHIN ONE MONTH from the date hereof after which period no claim will be considered and the Directors will proceed to deal with the application for the issue of duplicate Share Certificate, if they think fit.

Dated this 13th day of April, 1948.

B. G. FONSECA. 8525

G. I. P. RAILWAY

TENDER NOTICE

THE GENERAL MANAGER, G.I.P. Railway, Bombay invites sealed tenders up to 3-00 P.M. (S.T.) on 7th June, 1948 for tunnelling, excavation in rock and earthwork on Diversion No. 5, Bhore Ghat, near Bombay.

2. The Form of Tender, Schedule and Conditions of Contract can be obtained from the office of the Chief Engineer, G.I.P. Rly., Victoria Terminus, Bombay, on payment of Rs. 2 per set. Plans for the work will be supplied on an additional payment of Rs. 3 being made. These sums will not be refunded. 8080

DISPOSALS

RETAIL SHOP.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND SUPPLY.

For the benefit of public a Retail Shop under Government management will be opened on 15th April 1948 in the premises of this office for sale of Surplus Stores.

2. Attractive items at fixed prices will be available e.g. Binoculars, Watches (Omega, LeCoultre Longines, Hamilton), Mattress Covers, Flannel, Curtains, Stationery, Brandy Flasks, Aircraft Models, Cigarette Lighters, Woollen Pullovers, Shirts, Shorts, Trousers, Nets Hair setting, etc. Over one hundred other items like Bed Sheets, Robes Bath, Towels Sanitary, Table Fans (D.C.), Egg powder, Blended Juice, Rawl Plugs, a variety of Toilet Goods, etc., are shortly expected for sale through this Retail Shop.

3. The shop will remain open on all Government working days.

WORKING HOURS:

10-30 a.m. to 2 p.m. and 3 p.m. to 5-15 p.m. on all working days except Saturday.

10-30 a.m. to 2-30 p.m. on Saturdays.

4. The Shop is situated on the Ground Floor, Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road, Ballard Estate BOMBAY.

(Sd.) H. A. SUJAN,
For Regional Commissioner
Disposals) (8059)

NOTICE TO THE BUILDING CONTRACTOR.

TENDERS on rate basis are invited by the Dadar Co-operative Housing Society Limited for their proposed buildings to be erected at Bhawani Shanker Road, Dadar. The approximate cost of the buildings will be about Rs 800.000 The forms of tender may be obtained from their architects Messrs. Patki and Dadarkar Chartered Architects, 19, Sir P Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay from 12th April, 1948. The tenders will be received back on or before 19th April, 1948, at 3 P.M. 8516

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

Office of the Regional Commissioner, Disposals, Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Fort, Bombay.

AMENDMENT to Auction Sale of Shell Machinery, etc. advertised on 12th April, '48.

Auction will be held on 30th April, '48 instead of 13th April, '48 announced previously. 8100

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LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

Mr. ERUCH ARDESIR TARAPORE of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property which Mr. Eruch Ardesir Tarapore has agreed to purchase from Mr. KAIKUSHRU SORABJI GAZDAR and his wife PIROJA KAIKUSHRU GAZDAR. Any person having any claim whatsoever in or to the property is required to communicate the same in writing to us at Fort Chambers, Hamam Street, Bombay within fourteen days, otherwise such claim will be considered as waived.

All that piece or parcel of land, admeasuring 2750 square yards or thereabouts, situate at Lonavla, together with a building standing thereon, bearing House No. 113B of Ward Tungarli of Lonavla Municipal Borough, being a portion of a larger piece of land bearing Survey No. 144 and 144B, City Survey No. 176B and 178B of Village Lonavla and Survey No. 123 and No. 125, City Survey No. 214 and 219 of Village Tungarli.

NANU HORMUSJI & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
Dated this 10th day of April 1948. 8103

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

I.C. 46 of 1948.

In the matter of the INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII of 1913

and

In the matter of PRIMROSE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL CORPORATION. LTD. and reduced.

PRIMROSE INDUSTRIAL & COMMERCIAL CORPORATION Ltd and reduced, a Joint Stock Company, registered under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913 and having its Registered Office at 30, Rampart Row, within the Fort of Bombay .... Petitioners.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Petition presented to the High Court of Judicature at Bombay on the 9th day of April, 1948, for confirming the Reduction of the Capital of the above Company from Rs. 5,00.000/- to Rs. 56.000/- is directed to be heard before the Hon'ble Sitting Judge in Chambers on the 25th day of June, 1948.

Any Creditor or Shareholder of the above Company desiring to oppose the making of an order for Reduction of the Capital of the said Company under the above Act should appear at the hearing by himself or his Attorney or his Counsel for the said purposes A copy of the Petition will be furnished to any Creditor or Shareholder of the above Company requiring the same, by the undersigned on payment of the regulated charges for the same.

Dated this 12th day of April, 1948.

H. M. SHAMBHU,
For Messrs. Ambubhai & Diwanji,
Petitioners' Attorneys.
Lentin Chambers,
Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay. (8102)

PUBLIC NOTICES

G. I. P. RAILWAY--TENDER

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES invites tenders for the purchase of bodies of condemned wagons available at Jhansi Workshops. Forms obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstores Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay, 13, at Rs. 2/- per copy not refundable. Money Order or Cash only. Closing date 5th May, 1948, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) 8098

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE of Unclaimed Goods including Sugar Sweeping, Bags of G. N. Seeds, Castor Seed, Hirda, Cotton, Bidi Leaves, Brooms Slates, Gunnies, Bangles, Catachue, Tea, Shoes, Chappals, Cycle Parts Elect. Goods, Toilet, Medicines, Tins of Ghee, Oil, Grease, Rose Water, E. I. Casks, E. I. Barrels, C. P. Goods, Locks, etc., on Monday, 3-5-1948 at 12 Noon (S.T.) at Unclaimed Goods Office, Wadi Bunder, G. I. P. Rly. under instructions from G.I.P. Ry. and in accordance with Sections 55 & 56 of Indian Railways Act IX of 1890.

Terms: 50 p.c. cash deposit and delivery on or before 12-5-48 otherwise money and goods will be forfeited.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF RAILWAY TRACK, Typewriters, furniture, 25 fans, Chubb Safe, Tables, mild steel fabricated stools, etc., by order of the Regional Disposal Commissioner, on MONDAY, 19-4-48 at 10 a.m. (S.T.) at Braithwaite Burn & Jessop's Yard, Frere Basin, Matharpakhdi Rd., Mazagon. 25 p.c. cash deposit and Sales Tax, balance to be paid into Reserve Bank before 26-4-48 delivery by 13-5-48. For conditions of sale apply:—

CRAWFORD & CO.

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by
MANUFACTURING PLASTIC SPECIALIST
MOLDER & FABRICATOR OF PLASTICS

General Merchandise Factory Connections permit us to ship you any merchandise you can sell.

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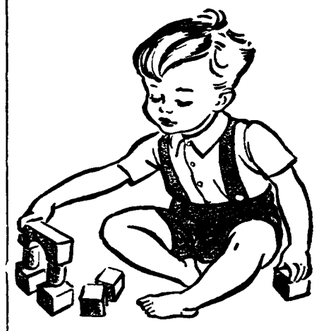
CALCUTTA.



It's right for Pa
And right for Ma
It's right for little me:
If you use Wright's
Like all of us
How right you too will be!

WRIGHT'S IS RIGHT for EVERYONE!

IDEAL FOR TOILET AND NURSERY

THE PROOF OF A *Good Hair Oil*

The proof of a good hair oil is in it's ability to help the growth of lustrous hair. This is exactly what **SWASTIK'S PERFUMED CASTOR OIL** does But it also helps to dress unruly hair in an orderly fashion. Its perfume is delicate, yet enchanting and haunting.

SWASTIK

Perfumed Castor Oil
Unmatched for Quality

Other quality Swastik Products include Kami Soap, Swastik Shaving Stick, Washing Soap, Genuine Brand Vanaspati etc etc.

SWASTIK OIL MILLS, LIMITED. BOMBAY.

WILLS'S **SCISSORS** are such a *soothing* smoke

5 annas per packet of 10 cigarettes.
plus local tax where in force.

W. D. & H. O. WILLS, BRISTOL & LONDON

PRIZE OF RS.500/—

to best male and female writers on

"IS MARRIAGE A NECESSITY?"

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Barna Street Saddar Bazar, Delhi

Contains Details and Photos of Educated girls, 16-40 years and Marriageable Officers, Princes and Millionaires.

ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION Rs. 50.

Headache?

One tablet will stop the pain at once

DELTAMIN

If your dealer is out of stock, send for a phial (Rs 2/4/V P.P.) to Thos Cook & Son Ltd., P O. Box 291, Bombay

DOCTORS RECOMMEND

PRAVIN GRIPE SYRUP

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AVAILABLE AT ALL CHEMISTS

PRAVIN LABORATORY, BOMBAY 7.

CATARACT

Dry Degon's "EYE-CURE" (Reg.) guaranteed specific for CATARACT and all other eye troubles No risk. Thousands cured without operation. Safe sure world-wide reputed and tested Success guaranteed Particulars free Price Rs 8 Postage as 12

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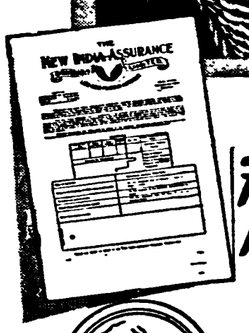
Panchpota, BENGAL



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An adequate Insurance under a NEW INDIA POLICY Will make all his tomorrows secure and reserve his place in the world.

ESTABLISHED 1919

NEW INDIA ASSURANCE COMPANY LTD
HEAD OFFICE FORT, BOMBAY.

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